

FEDERAL REGISTER

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES
OF THE UNITED STATES
1934

VOLUME 7 NUMBER 248

Washington, Saturday, December 19, 1942

The President

PROCLAMATION 2574

FARM MOBILIZATION DAY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

The people of this country may well be grateful that for three successive years the farmers of the United States have given us record harvests. Every pound of food finds use in wartime. Our soldiers, sailors, and marines require large supplies of food both in this country and abroad, and these three record-smashing years of farm production will mean much for victory.

Farmers may justly be proud of the production record of agriculture. They have achieved this record in spite of many handicaps, and the country owes them a debt of gratitude. Although they have produced much this year, the nation will require even more of them during the year that is now before us. In full realization of the many difficulties affecting farm production during wartime, the people of this nation place reliance on the zeal, devotion, and unstinting efforts of farmers to do their part toward ultimate victory.

Food is no less a weapon than tanks, guns, and planes. As the power of our enemies decreases, the importance of the food resources of the United Nations increases. With this thought in mind, we must further mobilize our resources for the production of food:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim Tuesday, January 12, 1943, as Farm Mobilization Day; and ask that on that day the farmers of this country gather, wherever possible, with Department of Agriculture representatives, Extension Service agents, vocational teachers, State officials, farm organizations, and others concerned, in order to discuss ways and means of insuring for the year 1943 the maximum production of vital foods upon every farm in this country.

I should like Farm Mobilization Day to be a symbol of a free America; a sym-

bol of the might and productivity of our nation; and a symbol of our unalterable determination to put to full use our agricultural resources, as well as our other resources, in the achievement of complete victory.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 16th day of December in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred [SEAL] and forty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-seventh.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL,
Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13525; Filed, December 18, 1942;
10:06 a. m.]

Regulations

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter I—Farm Credit Administration

PART 3—FUNCTIONS OF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

DESIGNATION OF ACTING DIRECTOR, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, AND ACTING ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF REGIONAL AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DIVISION

Part 3 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new § 3.66 as follows:

§ 3.66 *Designation of Acting Director, Assistant Director, and Acting Assistant Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division.* Arthur C. Sullivan, in addition to his functions as Deputy Intermediate Credit Commissioner, is hereby designated to serve as Acting Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division in the absence of C. C. Jacobsen, Director of said Division, and in that capacity he is hereby authorized to execute and perform all functions, powers, authority, and duties pertaining to the office of Director of the Regional

(Continued on next page)

CONTENTS

THE PRESIDENT

PROCLAMATION:	Page
Farm Mobilization Day.....	10601

REGULATIONS AND NOTICES

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN:

Vesting orders:

Adlanco X-Ray Corp.....	10633
Aetna Life Insurance Co., et al.....	10634
Bobbin, Adolf, Inc.....	10627
Cedar Swamp Road Realty Corp.....	10623
Diamond Rice Co.....	10631
Dr. Oldtmann Studios, Inc.....	10627
88 Japanese owned radios.....	10623
Hashimoto Co.....	10631
Holland - American Trading Corp.....	10627
Knoop, Lange & Co., Inc.....	10628
Magario & Co.....	10631
Mosholu Realty Corp.....	10632
Motto, Ralph.....	10634
Okubo, U. H.....	10630
Pacific Trading Co., Inc.....	10629
Seamless Steel Equipment Corp.....	10626
Simonelli, Rosa Pratos.....	10632
2380 Arthur Ave. Corp.....	10632
BITUMINOUS COAL DIVISION:	
District 8, minimum price schedule amended.....	10602
Hearings, etc.:	
Central State Collieries, Inc.....	10625
Luzerne-Graham Mining Corp.....	10624
FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION:	
Designation of Acting Director, etc., of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division.....	10601
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION:	
Presque Isle Broadcasting Co., hearing.....	10626
FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION:	
Cooperative Service Assn., hearing.....	10626
NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD:	
Bonus payments.....	10602
OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION:	
Adjustments, etc.:	
Binder, Robert.....	10635
Century Merchandising Corp.....	10634
Farber, L., Co.....	10620

(Continued on next page)



Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following legal holidays by the Division of the Federal Register, The National Archives, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee, approved by the President.

The Administrative Committee consists of the Archivist or Acting Archivist, an officer of the Department of Justice designated by the Attorney General, and the Public Printer or Acting Public Printer.

The daily issue of the **FEDERAL REGISTER** will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for \$1.25 per month or \$12.50 per year, payable in advance. Remit money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. The charge for single copies (minimum, 10¢) varies in proportion to the size of the issue.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the **FEDERAL REGISTER**.

Telephone information: District 0525.

CONTENTS—Continued

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION—Continued.	
Adjustments, etc.—Continued.	Page
Goodacre, William, and Sons, Ltd.	10620
Hafleigh and Co.	10621
Latex Fiber Industries, Inc.	10620
Raffetto, G. B., Inc.	10621
Whitaker, H. E., Co.	10620
Asphalt tile (Corr. to MPR 276)	10618
Bowling (Supp. Service Reg. 4, MPR 165)	10619
Cast-iron boilers and radiation (Corr. to MPR 272, Am. 1)	10618
Machine tools, second-hand (RPS 1, Am. 2)	10618
Meat (Restriction Order 1, Am. 8)	10621
Paperboard products (MPR 187, Am. 2)	10618
Services (MPR 165, Am. 13)	10619
PETROLEUM COORDINATOR FOR WAR:	
Supply, directive to petroleum industry	10621
RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION:	
Funds for loans, allocation to certain projects	10625
SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM:	
Volunteers, amendments	10603
WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION:	
Ladies' Handbag Industry, etc., denial of application	10625
WAR DEPARTMENT:	
Reserve Officers' Training Corps, eligibility to membership	10602
WAR PRODUCTION BOARD:	
Communications (L-148)	10617
Cooking utensils, etc. (L-30-d, Am. 1)	10617
Dairy products (M-259)	10616
Electrical motors and generators (L-221)	10614
Iron and steel conservation:	
(M-126)	10604
(M-126, Am. 1)	10613

CONTENTS—Continued

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD—Con.	Page
Petroleum Coordinator for War, amended directive (Certificate 26)	10635
Priorities system, regulations (Priorities Reg. 17)	10604
Sulfamic acid and derivatives (M-242)	10613

Agricultural Credit Division in the absence of C. C. Jacobsen.

The designation of Robert T. Hall as Assistant Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division, heretofore made as of June 16, 1939, is hereby confirmed and continued, and all acts done by him in that capacity are hereby ratified and approved; and he is hereby authorized to execute and perform all functions, powers, authority, and duties pertaining to the office of Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division in the absence of C. C. Jacobsen and Arthur C. Sullivan.

The designation of C. W. Bachman to serve as Acting Assistant Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division, heretofore made as of October 17, 1942, is hereby confirmed and continued, and all acts done by him in that capacity are hereby ratified and approved; and he is hereby authorized to execute and perform (in addition to his functions as Special Representative of the Regional Agricultural Credit Corporation of Minneapolis, Minnesota) all functions, powers, authority, and duties pertaining to the office of Director of the Regional Agricultural Credit Division in the absence of C. C. Jacobsen, Arthur C. Sullivan, and Robert T. Hall. (E.O. 6084, March 27, 1933, 6 CFR 1.1 (m); Memorandum No. 846, Secretary of Agriculture, January 6, 1940)

[SEAL]

A. G. BLACK,
Governor.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13498; Filed, December 17, 1942; 1:36 p. m.]

TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter VI—Organized Reserves

PART 62—RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

SUSPENSION OF REGULATIONS

Effective November 27, 1942, so much of paragraph (a) of § 62.15 *Eligibility to membership* as states that members of the Naval or Marine Corps Reserve are not eligible for membership in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps is suspended until further notice. Students enrolled in basic course, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, are now eligible for direct enlistment in the Naval, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard Reserve, and will be continued in basic course, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, after such enlistment. [Sec. II, W. D. Circular 396, December 7, 1942]

[SEAL]

J. A. ULIO,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13527; Filed, December 18, 1942; 10:06 a. m.]

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter VI—National War Labor Board

PART 803—GENERAL ORDERS

BONUS PAYMENTS

§ 803.10a. *General Order No. 10a.* (a) A bonus payment made by an employer to an employee severing his employment for the immediate purpose of entering the armed forces of the United States does not require the approval of the National War Labor Board.

(E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Adopted December 14, 1942.

GEORGE KIRSTEIN,
Executive Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13524; Filed, December 18, 1942; 8:56 a. m.]

TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter III—Bituminous Coal Division

[Docket Nos. A-1718 and A-1718 Pt. II]

PART 328—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, DISTRICT No. 8

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF, ETC.

Memorandum opinion and order granting motion to amend petition, amending petition, terminating temporary relief heretofore granted, granting temporary and conditionally providing for final relief, and cancelling hearing in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 8 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 8 and in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 8 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of the No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 5746, of T. V. McMahan and the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of the Garmeda Coal Company.

A petition, dated October 26, 1942, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, was filed with the Division on October 27, 1942, by the Bituminous Coal Producers Board for District No. 8, the petitioner in the above-entitled matters, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 8.

That portion of the original petition relating to the request for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for truck shipment for the coals of the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of the Garmeda Coal Company, and the No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 5746 of T. V. McMahan was severed from said original petition and designated as Docket No. A-1718 Part II, and temporary relief with respect to these two mines, pending final disposition, was granted and the matter was scheduled for hearing on December 16, 1942, at Washington, D. C., by an order issued on said Docket on November 19, 1942, 7 F.R. 9745.

With respect to the coal of all other mines listed in the original petition, including the aforesaid Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643, and the No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 5746, temporary and conditionally final relief for rail shipment was granted by an order issued in Docket No. A-1718 on November 19, 1942, 7 F. R. 10095.

A motion dated December 4, 1942, was filed by the above-named petitioner with the Division on December 5, 1942, in Docket No. A-1718, Part II, requesting that the original petition be amended by deleting therefrom the price of \$1.75 for Size Group 7 and \$1.70 for Size Group 8 for truck shipments applicable to the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of the Garmeda Coal Company appearing on the page numbered "4" of Appendix A of said petition and inserting in lieu thereof the price of \$1.65 for Size Group 7 and \$1.60 for Size Group 8; and by deleting the price of \$2.15 for Size Group 5 for truck shipment applicable to No. 2 Mine of T. V. McMahan appearing on the page numbered "5" of Appendix A of said petition and inserting in lieu thereof the price of \$2.05 for Size Group 5.

A motion, dated December 7, 1942, was filed by the petitioner with the Division on that date in Docket No. A-1718, requesting that the relief heretofore granted by the order issued in said docket on November 19, 1942, be modified with respect to the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of the Garmeda Coal Company and to the No. 6 Mine, Mine Index No. 5790 of Raleigh-Wyoming Mining Company, by providing that the temporary and conditionally final relief heretofore granted to the coals of these two mines, should remain effective until April 18, 1943, and shall thereupon become final unless otherwise ordered during the intervening period.

It appears that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; that no petitions of intervention and no motions in opposition to the granting of said motions have been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; that the following action is necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That said motions be and the same hereby are granted.

It is further ordered, That the original petition be and the same hereby is amended by deleting therefrom the price of \$1.75 for Size Group 7 and \$1.70 for Size Group 8 for Truck Shipments applicable to the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of the Garmeda Coal Company appearing on the page numbered "4" of Appendix A of said petition and inserting in lieu thereof the price of \$1.65 for Size Group 7 and \$1.60 for Size Group 8; and by deleting the price of \$2.15 for Size Group 5 for Truck Shipments applicable to the No. 2 Mine of T. V. McMahan appearing on the page numbered "5" of Appendix A of said petition and in-

serting in lieu thereof the price of \$2.05 for Size Group 5;

It is further ordered, That commencing forthwith, the price classification and minimum prices, contained in the Schedule marked Supplement R, § 323.11 (Alphabetical list of code members) which was annexed to and made a part of the order dated November 19, issued in Docket No. A-1718 in so far as the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of Garmeda Coal Company and the No. 6 Mine, Mine Index No. 5790 of Raleigh-Wyoming Mining Company only are concerned, shall remain effective until April 18, 1943 and shall thereupon become final unless otherwise ordered during the intervening period.

It is further ordered, That pending final disposition of the above-entitled matters the temporary relief heretofore granted by the order dated November 19, 1942 issued in Docket No. A-1718, Part II with respect to the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for truck shipment for the coals of the Poplar Lick Mine, Mine Index No. 5746 of the Garmeda Coal Company and the No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 5643 of T. V. McMahan shall become final sixty days from the date of this order unless it shall

otherwise be ordered during the intervening period.

It is further ordered, That commencing forthwith § 323.34 (General prices for high volatile coals in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplement is hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

It is further ordered, That the hearing in Docket No. A-1718 Part II heretofore scheduled for December 16, 1942 at a hearing room thereof at Washington, D. C., be and the same hereby is cancelled; and

It is further ordered, That pleadings in opposition to the amended petition in the above-entitled matters and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this order, pursuant to the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

Dated: December 15, 1942.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER.

Director.

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 8

NOTE: The material contained in this supplement T is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 323, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 8 and supplements thereto.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

§ 323.34 General prices for high volatile coals in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T

Code member index	Mine	Mine Index No.	Seam	Excess sizes							
				Lump over 2' x 4' x 6'	Lump 2' and under over 3' x 6'	Lump 3' and under 3' x 6'	Reg 2' x 4' x 6'	Slave 3' and under 3' x 6' and under	Straight mine run	2' and under slack	3' and under slack
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
SUBDISTRICT NO. C—SOUTHERN APPALACHIAN											
DELL COUNTY, KY.											
Garmeda Coal Co.	Poplar Lick	5643	Poplar Lick	235	235	240	230	225	220	185	100
CUMBERLAND COUNTY, TENN.											
McMahan, T. V.	No. 2	5746	Sewanee	270	270	225	220	205	215	165	150

[F. R. Dec. 42-13437; Filed, December 17, 1942; 11:18 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VI—Selective Service System

[Amendment No. 106, 2d ed.]

PART 624—VOLUNTEERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940

(54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., Sup. 301-313, inclusive); E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in an Administrative Order dated December 5, 1942, Selective Service Regulations, Second Edition, are hereby amended in the following respect:

1. Amend § 624.1¹ to read as follows:

§ 624.1 *Who may volunteer.* Men who have reached the 18th anniversary of the day of their birth and who have not reached the 38th anniversary of the day of their birth may volunteer at the local board for induction into the land or naval forces.

2. Amend § 624.4² to read as follows:§ 624.4 *Classification of volunteers.*

(a) A volunteer shall not be inducted if, after classification, he is deferred.

(b) A registrant in Class III-A or Class III-B who volunteers shall not be considered as being deferred and may be placed in a class immediately available for military service if:

(1) His induction will not result in undue hardship to his dependents, and

(2) He is not a "necessary man" who should be classified in Class II-A or Class II-B when his dependency status is disregarded.

3. The foregoing amendments to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director.

DECEMBER 17, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13499; Filed, December 17, 1942;
2:18 p. m.]

Chapter IX—War Production Board

Subchapter B—Director General for Operations

PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Regulation 17 as Amended Dec. 8, 1942³]

POST EXCHANGES AND SHIP'S SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

§ 944.38 *Priorities Regulation 17—(a) Definition.* For the purposes of this regulation "orders for military exchanges or service departments" means contracts or purchase orders for material to be delivered to, or for the account of, or to be physically incorporated in material or equipment to be delivered to, or for the account of, any U. S. Army or Marine Corps Post Exchange or any U. S. Navy Ship's Service Department.

(b) *Purchases constitute defense orders.* Orders for military exchanges or service departments shall be deemed to

be "Defense Orders" within the meaning of § 944.1 (b) (1) of Priorities Regulation 1 (and therefore by reason of § 944.1a of Priorities Regulation 1, shall be rated A-10, unless a higher preference rating is assigned) only when such orders are endorsed as follows:

All the items on this Purchase Order are listed in Priorities-Allocation Instructions 12, with Amendments. Therefore, pursuant to terms of Priorities Regulation 17, this Order carries a preference rating A-10 without the issuance of a Preference Rating Certificate.

(c) *Applicability of military exemptions.* Whenever any rule, regulation or order of the War Production Board contains an exception or exemption for material or equipment to be delivered to, or for the account of, or for material to be physically incorporated in material or equipment to be delivered to, or for the account of, the Army or Navy of the United States, such exception or exemption shall not apply to orders for military exchanges or service departments except in cases where such orders bear the following endorsement:

(1) In the case of U. S. Army Post Exchanges:

Authorized as an Army purchase pursuant to Priorities-Allocation Instructions.

By _____
Army Exchange Service,
War Department.

(2) In the case of U. S. Navy Ship's Service Departments:

Authorized as a Navy Purchase pursuant to Priorities-Allocation Instructions.

By _____
Bureau of Naval Personnel.

(3) In the case of U. S. Marine Corps Post Exchanges:

Authorized as a Marine Corps purchase within Army or Navy exception clause pursuant to Priorities-Allocation Instructions.

By _____
Headquarters, U. S. Marine Corps

(d) *Effect of quota provisions.* Whenever any rule, regulation or order of the War Production Board limits the amount of any material that may be received, processed, sold or delivered by any person to a percentage of previous amounts thereof received, processed, sold or delivered by him, or otherwise expressly fixes a quota for him, and contains an exception or exemption for material or equipment to be delivered to, or for the account of, the Army or Navy of the United States, but does not expressly permit such person, in computing his quota, to exclude therefrom orders for military exchanges or service departments, such orders which are endorsed as provided in paragraph (c) hereof shall be included in such exception or exemption. Orders for military exchanges or service

departments which are not endorsed at all or only endorsed as provided in paragraph (b) shall not be included in such exception or exemption and must be charged against the quota of the person filling them, but such orders need not be accepted by such person in excess of 45% of such person's quota or such other percentage as the Director General for Operations may prescribe with respect to any particular material.

(e) *Effect on other provisions.* In case any provision in any regulation or in any order of the War Production Board is inconsistent with any provision in this regulation, the provisions of this regulation shall govern unless such other provision expressly states that this regulation shall be inapplicable.

(f) *Effective date.* This regulation shall become effective December 21, 1942.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 8th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13520; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:04 p. m.]

PART 1176—IRON AND STEEL CONSERVATION

[Conservation Order M-126¹ as Amended
Dec. 5, 1942]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron and steel for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1176.1 *General Conservation Order M-126—(a) Definitions.* For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Governing date", with respect to any item on List A or List S, or part thereof, means the date set forth opposite such item.

(2) "Army - Navy - Maritime order" means an order for material to be purchased (or physically incorporated into material to be purchased) by or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, or the War Shipping Administration, where with respect to

¹ 6 F.R. 6842, 7 F.R. 431.

² 6 F.R. 6843.

³ This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of Priorities Regulation 17 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 10, 1942, p. 10280, and reflects the order in its completed form as of December 8, 1942.

¹ This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of Conservation Order M-126 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 8, 1942, p. 10218, and reflects the order in its completed form as of December 5, 1942.

any item on List A, or part thereof, the use of iron or steel, or with respect to any item on List S, or part thereof, the use of stainless steel, is required by the specifications (including performance specifications) of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, or the War Shipping Administration, applicable to the contract, subcontract or purchase order.

(3) The terms "iron" and "steel" shall not be deemed to include screws, nails, rivets, bolts, or wire, strapping or small hardware for joining or other similar essential purposes.

(4) The term "stainless steel" means corrosion or heat resistant alloy iron or alloy steel containing 10 per cent or more of chromium with or without nickel and/or other alloying elements.

(5) "Process" means cut, draw, machine, stamp, melt, cast, forge, roll, turn, spin or otherwise shape.

(6) "Put into process" means the first change by a manufacturer in the form of material from that form in which it is received by him.

(7) The term "assemble" shall not be deemed to include the putting together of an article after delivery to a sales outlet or consumer in knockdown form pursuant to an established custom. The term "assemble" shall also not be deemed to include adding finished parts to an otherwise finished article when the placing of one or more finished parts or the size or type of one or more finished parts is determined by the use to which the ultimate consumer is to put the article.

(b) *Restrictions with respect to List A products.* Except as provided in paragraph (d):

(1) *Raw material deliveries.* From and after the applicable governing date of any item on List A, no person shall deliver or accept delivery of any iron or steel which he knows or has reason to know will be used to make such item, or any part thereof.

(2) *Fabrication—(i) Limitation.* During the 30 days next following the applicable governing date of any item on List A, no person shall put into process any iron or steel to make such item, or any part thereof, in an aggregate weight greater than 75 per cent of the average monthly weight of all metals put into process by him during 1941 in the making of such item and parts, and no person shall put into process any iron or steel in the making of any such item or part unless processing thereof will be completed within such 30 day period.

(ii) *Prohibition.* From and after the date 30 days after the applicable governing date of any item on List A, no person shall process any iron or steel to make such item, or any part thereof.

(3) *Assembly.* From and after the date 60 days after the applicable governing date of any item on List A, no person shall assemble such item, or any part thereof, containing any iron or steel.

(4) *List A products without governing dates.* With respect to any item on List A without a governing date, (i) no person shall deliver or accept delivery of any iron or steel which he knows or has reason to know will be used to make such item, or any part thereof, (ii) no person shall put into process or process any iron or steel to make such item, or any part thereof, and (iii) no person shall assemble such item, or any part thereof, containing any iron or steel.

(5) *Finished item deliveries.* No person shall deliver or accept delivery of any item on List A, or part thereof, which he knows or has reason to know was fabricated, assembled or delivered in violation of any applicable provision of this order as amended from time to time.

(c) *Restrictions with respect to List S products.* Except as provided in paragraph (d):

(1) *Raw material deliveries.* From and after the applicable governing date of any item on List S, no person shall deliver or accept delivery of any stainless steel which he knows or has reason to know will be used to make such item, or any part thereof.

(2) *Fabrication—(i) Limitation.* During the 30 days next following the applicable governing date of any item on List S, no person shall put into process any stainless steel to make such item, or any part thereof, in an aggregate weight greater than 50% of the average monthly weight of stainless steel put into process by him during 1941 in the making of such item and parts, and no person shall put into process any stainless steel in the making of any such item or part unless processing thereof will be completed within such 30 day period.

(ii) *Prohibition.* From and after the date 30 days after the applicable governing date of any item on List S, no person shall process any stainless steel to make such item, or any part thereof.

(3) *Assembly.* From and after the date 45 days after the applicable governing date of any item on List S, no

person shall assemble such item, or any part thereof, containing any stainless steel.

(4) *Finished item deliveries.* No person shall deliver or accept delivery of any item on List S or part thereof, which he knows or has reason to know was fabricated, assembled, or delivered in violation of any applicable provision of this order as amended from time to time.

(d) *Exemption for Army-Navy-Maritime orders.* (1) The provisions of paragraph (b) with respect to items on List A with governing dates shall not apply to Army-Navy-Maritime orders for such items, or any parts thereof, for a period of 60 days after the applicable governing date. From and after the expiration of the applicable exemption period, no person shall deliver, accept delivery of, put into process, process or assemble any iron or steel for the making of any item on List A, or part thereof, unless such item or part is on List C. The provisions of paragraph (b) shall not apply to Army-Navy-Maritime orders for any item on List C, or part thereof, except that stainless steel shall not be used to make such item and parts, unless permitted by paragraph (d) (3).

(2) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to Army-Navy-Maritime orders for any item on List S, or part thereof, for a period of 60 days after its governing date. Except as provided in paragraph (d) (4), from and after the expiration of the applicable exemption period, no person shall deliver, accept delivery of, put into process, process or assemble any stainless steel for the making of any item on List S, or part thereof, unless such item or part is on List C.

(3) Except as otherwise specified on List C as to any item, or part thereof, stainless steel may be used to make any item on List C, or part thereof, for Army-Navy-Maritime orders until January 5, 1943. Except as provided in paragraph (d) (4), on and after January 5, 1943, no person shall use any stainless steel to make any item on List C, or part thereof, unless, and then only to the extent that, the use of stainless steel is expressly permitted for such item.

(4) The provisions of this order prohibiting the delivery, processing or assembling of stainless steel or a type of stainless steel for the making of any

item, or part thereof, for Army-Navy-Maritime orders shall not apply to any order which has been approved on form PD-391 for melting during the fourth quarter of 1942 or for delivery during such quarter; or to any order which can not be filled by the manufacturer because of his inability to secure permitted materials, except that this exemption shall be only for the minimum period of time necessary to obtain such permitted materials and in no event later than April 30, 1943.

(e) *Restrictions with respect to other products*—(1) *Roofing and siding*. No person shall manufacture any iron or steel into roofing and siding except:

(i) For delivery to or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the Office of Scientific Research and Development; or

(ii) For delivery on a preference rating of AA-5 or higher assigned by a PD-3A preference rating certificate or by a preference rating order in the P-19 series; or

(iii) For defense housing, to the extent specified in the Defense Housing Critical List; or

(iv) For the manufacture, maintenance and repair of railroad freight cars, street cars, or busses; or

(v) For deliveries on preference ratings assigned by the Board of Economic Warfare or for deliveries on Lend-Lease orders; or

(vi) For delivery to an ultimate purchaser for maintenance and repair purposes regardless of rating. With respect to this paragraph (e) (1) (vi), no person may manufacture from May 5, 1942 to December 31, 1942, more than 20 percent of the roofing and siding made by him from iron or steel during the calendar year 1940; or in the calendar year 1943 or any subsequent calendar year, more than 25 percent of the roofing and siding made by him from iron or steel, during the calendar year 1940.

Any person manufacturing or selling any such roofing or siding may rely on the certificate of his customer that such roofing or siding will only be sold or used as permitted by this paragraph (e) (1).

(2) *Other products*. No person shall use any iron or steel to make any article not prohibited on List A, or any part thereof, where and to the extent that the use of other material (excluding material on List D) is practicable. Alloy steel shall not be used when the use of carbon steel is practicable, and no more iron or steel shall be used in connection with the manufacture of any such article than is essential. The provisions of this para-

graph (e) (2) shall not apply in the case of articles or parts to be purchased by or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration, or to be physically incorporated into products to be so purchased to the extent that the use of iron or steel is required by the specifications (including performance specifications) of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration applicable to the contract, subcontract or purchase order.

(f) *Restrictions with respect to other scarce materials*. No person whose use of iron or steel is restricted by paragraphs (b), (d) or (e) shall use as a substitute therefor any material on List D.

(g) *Disposition of frozen and excessive inventories*. The disposition of frozen and excessive inventories containing iron or steel shall be subject to the applicable provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 13 (§ 944.34).

(h) *Miscellaneous provisions*—(1) *Applicability of priorities regulations*. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the Priorities Regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(2) *Appeal*. Any appeal from the provisions of this order must be made on Form PD-500 and must be filed with the field office of the War Production Board for the district in which is located the plant to which the appeal relates.

(3) *Applicability of order*. The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this order shall apply whether the items are ordered or manufactured pursuant to a contract made prior to, on, or subsequent to May 5, 1942, or pursuant to a contract supported by a preference rating. Insofar as any other order of the Director General for Operations may have the effect of limiting or curtailing to a greater extent than herein provided the use of any material in the production of any item, the limitations of such order shall be observed.

(4) *Intra-company deliveries*. The restrictions of this order with respect to deliveries prohibit or restrict deliveries not only to other persons, including affiliates or subsidiaries, but also from one branch, division, or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division or section of the same or any other enterprise under common ownership or control.

(5) *Violations*. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States

is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(6) *Installation*. The restrictions of this order with respect to putting into process, processing, and assembling shall not apply to the installation of an item or part for the ultimate consumer on his premises when any putting into process, processing or assembling of such item or part is incidental to such installation and is done on such premises.

(7) *Repair*. The restrictions of this order (other than those contained in paragraph (e) (2)) shall not apply to a person repairing a used article on or off the premises of the owner, if the person making the repair does not use iron or steel weighing in the aggregate more than 25 pounds and if any putting into process, processing or assembling done by such person is for the purpose of making the specific repair. The limitations in this paragraph (h) (7) on repairing a used article shall not apply to any item on List A or List S, or part thereof, to the extent that maintenance and repair of such item is specifically excepted on List A or List S.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 5th day of December, 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,

Director General for Operations.

List A

Note: Changes have been made in List A.

Item	Governing date
"A" Frames and booms for light-ers, 25 tons capacity and under.	Nov. 5, 1942
Access panels—except as required by Underwriters Code.	None
Accessories, soda fountain ¹	July 15, 1942
Acoustical ceilings	None
Adhesive tape sleeves	July 15, 1942
Advertising novelties	None
Air-conditioning systems—except for hospital operating rooms and industrial plants.	None
Ampule scorers	Nov. 5, 1942
Amusement park devices and roller coasters ¹	None
Area walls	None
Ash sieves	None
Asparagus tongs	None

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date
Atomizers, perfume-boudoir.....	None	Bridge splash guards.....	None	Chafing dishes.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Attic fans.....	None	Brushes and brush-backs—except industrial.	July 15, 1942	Chamber pots.....	July 15, 1942
Automobile accessories—except as required by law.	None	Buckles, for clothing—except overalls, overall suits, dungarees.	July 15, 1942	Cheese dishes.....	None
Automobile heaters ¹ —except for passenger carriers, as defined in I-158, police cars, ambulances, trucks and fire wagons.	July 15, 1942	Buckles for.....	July 15, 1942	Chicken crates.....	None
Awning frames and supports.....	None	Pocketbooks.		Chicken house scrapers.....	July 15, 1942
Bag, purse, and pocketbook frames.	None	Shoes—except for waterproof shoes.		Christmas tree holders.....	None
Balers, paper for household use.	July 15, 1942	Building ornaments.....	None	Christmas tree ornaments.....	None
Ball park equipment including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Buildings, portable.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Cigar and cigarette holders and cases.	None
Cages. ¹		Burial lowering devices.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Cigar clippers.....	None
Fences.		Butter chips.....	None	Cigarette lighters.....	None
Lighting systems — except lamp bulbs.		Butter knives.....	None	Cigarette package holders.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Metal bases.		Buttons for clothing—except for overalls, overall suits and dungarees.	July 15, 1942	Cigarette making machines, hand.	Nov. 5, 1942
Protective netting. ¹		Buttons for work clothing—except 22 line fly button of plain design and 27 line button with wreath design for remainder of garment, and except open top button of not more than two pieces exclusive of the tack or fastener.	Nov. 5, 1942	Circus and carnival apparatus, equipment ¹ and devices, including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942
Railings.		Cabinets—except.....	None	Animal cages. ¹	
Rollers.		Hospital operating and examining rooms.		Animal stands.	
Score boards.		As permitted in Limitation Orders I-13-a and I-62.		Tent standers.	
Screens. ¹		Cake cutters.....	None	Trailers. ¹	
Seats. ¹		Cake icing equipment.....	July 15, 1942	Trapeze bars.	
Tampers.		Cake tongs.....	None	Clamps, hair, including barrettes, decorative clips and fasteners, but not including common bob and hair pins and clamps for hair curling or waving.	Nov. 5, 1942
Banks, personal, toy, miniature.	None	Calendar and memo pad stands.	July 15, 1942	Clips for attaching baggage tags	Nov. 5, 1942
Barber and beauty shop furniture.	None	Calliopes or steam organs.....	July 15, 1942	Clock cases—except on recording and controlling industrial instruments.	None
Barber and beauty shop supplies, machines and equipment. ¹	July 15, 1942	Candy display dishes.....	None	Clocks for paper and cellophane bags—except bags for 25 lb. content or more.	Nov. 5, 1942
Barn pushers and scrapers.....	July 15, 1942	Canes.....	July 15, 1942	Clothes lines.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Barware and bar accessories.....	July 15, 1942	Canopies, hoods and supports.....	None	Clothes line pulleys.....	None
Bases on refrigerating machines below one H. P.	Nov. 5, 1942	Cans, containers and closures for.....	None	Clothes line reels.....	None
Baskets—except for commercial cooking and manufacturing uses.	None	Anti-freeze (under 5 gal. size).		Clothes racks and dryers.....	None
Baths, steam, all types.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Artist supplies.		Clothes trees.....	None
Bath tubs.....	None	Tobacco products.		Clothing trim and dress ornaments.	July 15, 1942
B-B shot for air rifles.....	None	Bouillon cubes.		Coal chute and door, household.	None
Beach umbrellas.....	July 15, 1942	Candy.		Coal pans.....	None
Beds—except hospital.....	None	Caviar.		Coasters and trivets for glass and hot containers.	July 15, 1942
Bed spring frames—except for hospital link fabric spring type bed.	None	Chalk.		Cocktail glasses.....	None
Beer kegs—except hoop and fittings for wooden kegs.	None	Coffee—except that closures for glass containers may be processed until December 1, 1942 from distressed stocks of black plate lithographed on or before September 3, 1942.		Cocktail sets.....	None
Beer mugs.....	None	Gloves.		Cocktail shakers.....	None
Beer stands.....	None	Incense.		Coin changers—except for public transportation.	July 15, 1942
Beer steins.....	None	Lawn seed.		Combs, hair—except curry combs.	July 15, 1942
Beich legs—except industrial.	None	Nuts.		Compacts.....	None
Beverage bottle cases, including but not limited to beer and all soft drinks.	July 15, 1942	Pencils.		Concrete and cement hardeners.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bicycle racks.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Phonograph needles.		Cooking stoves, commercial electric. ¹	None
Binding, linoleum.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Playing cards.		Copy holders.....	None
Binoculars—except U. S. Government Agencies.	None	Razor blades—except metal holders which are integral parts of the mechanism for inserting blades into safety razors.		Corn poppers and machines.....	None
Bird cages and stands.....	None	Sponges.		Cosmetics and toiletries.....	July 15, 1942
Bird houses and feeders.....	None	Staples.		Counter tops and edgings.....	None
Biscuit boxes.....	None	Tennis balls.		Covers for automotive leaf-type springs.	Nov. 5, 1942
Blackboards.....	None	Toilet water.		Covers, manhole—except reinforcing and branding.	Nov. 5, 1942
Blade stropers, mechanical.	None	Yarn.		Covers, meter frame—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bleachers and grandstands ¹	None	Car washing machines.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Crochet hooks.....	July 15, 1942
Blocks, hat.....	July 15, 1942	Carillons.....	July 15, 1942	Croquet sets.....	None
Boards, sounding.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Carpet rods.....	None	Crumb trays.....	None
Boat hooks.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Carriers, casket ¹	July 15, 1942	Crutches.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Book ends.....	None	Carrousels (Merry-go-rounds) ¹	July 15, 1942	Culverts, including conduits, corrugated pipe, and corrugated plates for pipe and arches for culverts—except: Reinforcing for concrete.	
Boot jacks.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Carving set holders.....	None	Nestable culverts for use outside continental limits of U. S.	
Bottle holders—except hospital.	None	Cases, vanity.....	July 15, 1942		
Bowling alleys, bowling pins and accessories. ¹	July 15, 1942	Cash boxes.....	None		
Boxes and trays for jewelry, cutlery, combs, toilet sets.	None	Cash registers ¹	None		
Boxes, meter and covers—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942	Casket hardware.....	None		
Braces, extensible steel trench.	Nov. 5, 1942	Casket trucks, undertaker's—except wheels.	Nov. 5, 1942		
Bread and cake boxes, household.	July 15, 1942	Ceilings.....	None		
Bread slicers for home use—except knives.	July 15, 1942				

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date
Culverts, reinforced concrete—except:	Nov. 5, 1942	Fences, chain link—A-2 or higher.	July 15, 1942	Gutters, spouting, conductor pipe, and fittings for single family dwellings. ¹	None
Interior installations.		Fence posts—except on A-2 or higher.	None	Gutters, spouting, conductor pipe and fittings for dwellings two stories or less in height (2 family or more). ¹	Nov. 5, 1942
Outside continental limits of U. S.		Fence posts—A-2 or higher.	Nov. 5, 1942	H-Bar units.	Nov. 5, 1942
Under access roads.		Fences, ornamental.	None	Hair combs, except curry combs.	July 15, 1942
Under airport runways.		Ferneries, metal.	Nov. 5, 1942	Hair dryers.	None
Under railroad rights of way.		Finger bowls.	None	Hand seals for documents.	July 15, 1942
Cups of all kinds, drinking.	None	Fireplace equipment, including but not limited to grates, clean out doors and ash dumps—except dampers.	None	Hand weeders.	July 15, 1942
Curb guards.	None	Fireplace dampers.	Sept. 3, 1942	Handles, broom and mop.	July 15, 1942
Curler, hair, non-electric.	None	Fireplace screens.	None	Hangers and track for garage doors for private use.	None
Curling irons.	Nov. 5, 1942	First aid kits.	Nov. 5, 1942	Hanger rings on brushes, brooms, etc.	None
Curtain stretchers.	July 15, 1942	Fish aquariums.	None	Harness and saddlery fittings—except for draft, work and ranch animals.	July 15, 1942
Darners, sock.	Nov. 5, 1942	Flag holders.	Nov. 5, 1942	Hat frames.	None
Decorative iron products.	None	Flagpoles.	None	Hat-making machinery.	None
Desk equipment, including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Flashlight tubes.	None	Heat resisting pads for household use.	Nov. 5, 1942
Desk sets.		Flatware—except cooking and eating utensils.	July 15, 1942	Hedge shears.	None
Desk pads.		Floats for pageants, parades, advertising, etc.—except trucks.	July 15, 1942	Helmets—except on AA-5 or higher.	None
Fountain pen and pencil stands.		Floor and ceiling plates for piping.	None	Highway railroad flasher lights—except lamp bulbs.	July 15, 1942
Letter openers.		Floor and counter covering trim.	None	Highway guard rail, wire, strip and posts. ¹	July 15, 1942
Name plates.		Floor polishing machines.	None	Highway guard rail reflectors. ¹	July 15, 1942
Paper weights.		Floor scrapers—except power-driven.	July 15, 1942	Hitching posts.	July 15, 1942
Diaper cans, containers, or receptacles.	Nov. 5, 1942	Floral tools and floral hoes.	July 15, 1942	Holders, wire, all types.	Nov. 5, 1942
Dictaphone racks.	None	Florist supplies.	Nov. 5, 1942	Hoops, galvanized wire, for flower garden trim.	July 15, 1942
Dinner bells.	None	Flour, salt and pepper shakers.	None	Hose reels—except:	None
Dishwashing machines—except hospitals.	None	Flower boxes, pot holders and vases.	None	Fire fighting equipment.	
Dishwashing racks, household.	July 15, 1942	Flower shears.	None	Industrial uses in direct fire hazard areas.	
Dispensers, hand, for.	None	Fly traps.	Nov. 5, 1942	Hospital, medical, dental and related equipment. ¹	July 15, 1942
Hand lotions.		Food vending machines, including automats.	None	Anesthesia tables—except for use in operating rooms.	
Paper products.		Foot baths—except hospitals.	None	Arm immersion stands.	
Soap.		Foot scrapers.	Nov. 5, 1942	Back rests.	
Straws.		Forms and accessories for residential and commercial concrete construction.	None	Bassinets—except for frame and basket and isolation cabinet type.	
Display forms.	July 15, 1942	Fountain pens—except functional parts.	None	Bath cabinets—except hospital use.	
Document stands.	None	Fountains, ornamental.	Nov. 5, 1942	Bed feeding and reading trays.	
Door chimes.	None	Frames, catch basin and grater, all types.	Nov. 5, 1942	Bed trays.	
Door closers—except for hospitals, public toilet doors, exterior doors on public buildings, and where required to meet fire regulations.	None	Frames, clothes drying.	July 15, 1942	Bedside panel screens.	
Door handles—except shipboard use.	None	Frames for artists' canvas, darning and needlework.	July 15, 1942	Blanket warming cabinets.	
Door knockers.	None	Frames, steel blocking.	July 15, 1942	Book trucks—except wheel tires.	
Door mats.	July 15, 1942	Fruit juice extractors, household.	None	Bowl stands—except for use in operating rooms.	
Door stops.	None	Furniture—except:	None	Cabinets for diathermy, sinusoidal and galvanic apparatus.	
Drain boards and tub covers, household.	None	Wood furniture.		Chairs, other than examining or specialist chairs or dental chairs.	
Drawer pulls.	None	As permitted in Limitation Orders L-13-a and L-62.		Chart holders—except necessary hardware.	
Dress forms.	None	Hospital operating and examining rooms.		Chiropractic adjustment tables.	
Dummy police.	None	Hospital, beds and cots.		Clothes hampers.	
Dust collecting systems and equipment—except on AA-5 or higher.	None	Game and gambling devices.	July 15, 1942	Commodore—except receptacle.	
Dust covers and enclosures—except industrial.	July 15, 1942	Garage hoists, car lifts, and racks.	None	Couch tables.	
Easels, all types.	July 15, 1942	Garbage grinders, household.	July 15, 1942	Dental cabinets.	
Edging, furniture and linoleum.	Nov. 5, 1942	Garden trowels.	July 15, 1942	Dish trucks—except wheel tires.	
Ediphone racks.	None	Garment hangers.	July 15, 1942	Dressing stands.	
Egg slicers.	None	Gas toasters, household.	July 15, 1942	Dressing carriages—except frame and necessary hardware.	
Electric drinking water coolers—except for use in war plants.	None	Gates for fences.	Nov. 5, 1942	Examining tables, non-adjustable.	
Embalming tables.	July 15, 1942	Gates, railroad crossing, except mechanism.	Nov. 5, 1942	Ice trucks—except wheel tires.	
Enameled tile sheets and squares.	Nov. 5, 1942	Glassware holders and trim—except on cooking utensils.	July 15, 1942	Instrument cabinets—except for use in operating rooms.	
Enamel store fronts.	None	Golf bag supports.	None	Instrument tables—except for use in operating rooms.	
Erasing knives.	None	Grass shears.	None		
Erasing shields.	Nov. 5, 1942	Grass whips.	July 15, 1942		
Escalators. ¹	None	Grave markers.	Nov. 5, 1942		
Exercise and reducing machines. ¹	July 15, 1942	Grilles.	None		
Exhibition and fair apparatus and equipment, ¹ including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Ornamental.			
Lighting equipment.		Sewers—except on AA-5 or higher and reinforcing for concrete sewers.			
Racks.		Grills, outdoor.	July 15, 1942		
Stands.		Guards for guy wires.	Nov. 5, 1942		
Fan stands, all types.	Nov. 5, 1942				
Feed troughs.	None				
Fences, chain link—except on A-2 or higher.	None				

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date
Hospital, medical, dental and related equipment ¹ —Con.	July 15, 1942	Lanterns, magic.....	July 15, 1942	Novelties and souvenirs of all kinds—except that the assembling of artificial leaves, fruits, flowers, and of feather ornaments shall be permitted when any iron or steel wire to be used was drawn on or before June 19, 1942 or was sold to the manufacturer of the artificial leaves, fruit, flowers or feather ornaments as scrap.	None
Laundry trucks—except wheel tires.		Lard or vegetable oil tubs—except 5 lbs. and over, and straps for wood containers.	None	Ornamental hardware and moldings.	None
Linen hampers—except for frames.		Laundry chutes.....	None	Outdoor fireplace parts.....	None
Linen trucks—except wheel tires.		Laundry trays—except reinforcing mesh.	None	Outing spades.....	July 15, 1942
Needle cabinets—except for use in operating rooms.		Lavatories—except hangers.....	None	Packing twine holders.....	None
Nurses' work tables.		Lawn and landscaping equipment, all types.	Nov. 5, 1942	Pads, inking and stamping.....	July 15, 1942
Orthopedic and fracture carts—except wheel tires and frames.		Lawn brooms.....	July 15, 1942	Pail clamps.....	None
Overbed and swing overbed tables.		Lawn edgers.....	July 15, 1942	Paint spray outfits—except industrial.	None
Record and chart desks and racks.		Lawn rakes.....	July 15, 1942	Paper rollers, household.....	None
Shelf trucks—except wheel tires and frame (not food).		Lawn rollers ¹	July 15, 1942	Paracels, shafts and handles.....	July 15, 1942
Stands and racks for colonic irrigation apparatus.		Lawn tampers.....	July 15, 1942	Park and recreational benches.....	None
Sterilizer stands—except frame and top.		Lawn seeders ¹	July 15, 1942	Parking meters.....	None
Stools—except for use in operating rooms and except mechanism for adjustable stools.		Lawn sprinklers.....	None	Partitions.....	Sept. 3, 1942
Stretchers, wheel type—except wheel tires and frames.		Letter chutes.....	None	Partition studs.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Supply and treatment cabinets—except for operating rooms.		Letter openers.....	None	Pegs, tent.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Tables, examining, adjustable—except frame and operating mechanism.		Letter trays.....	None	Pen holders.....	None
Thermometer baskets.		Lighting poles and standards ¹	None	Pencil holders.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Utensil racks.		Lipstick holders.....	None	Pencils, mechanical or automatic.	None
Vasoscillator—oscillating beds.		Lobster forks.....	None	Permanent wave machines.....	None
Wall shelf stands—except for use in operating rooms.		Lobster tongs.....	None	Pet beds.....	None
Wheel chairs—except essential hardware.		Lockers—except.....	None	Pet cages.....	None
Hospital, medical, dental and related equipment. ¹	Nov. 5, 1942	Oil refinery use.		Pet dishes.....	None
Chiropody chairs.		As permitted by Limitation Order L-13-a.		Pet equipment (except license tags) including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942
Nose and throat chairs, hydraulic.		Logs, artificial, for gas and electric fireplace.	July 15, 1942	Carriers.	
Optical chairs, hydraulic.		Luggage, except locks ¹	July 15, 1942	Chains.	
Osteopathic tables.		Lunch boxes.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Collars.	
House numerals.....	None	Mail boxes—except as required by U. S. postal regulations.	None	Feeders.	
Houses.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Mailing tubes or cases—except for transportation of bacteria, cultures, serums, plasma, and biological specimens.	None	Houses.	
Tool.		Marine hardware for pleasure boats.	None	Leashes.	
Hog.		Marques.....	None	Muzzles.	
Poultry—except wire netting.		Match boxes.....	None	Phonograph motors, hand wound.	None
Humidification devices—except industrial and hospital use.	Nov. 5, 1942	Material for housing, not otherwise specified in this order—except to the extent specified in the Defense Housing Critical List.	None	Phonograph record blanks.....	None
Humidors.....	July 15, 1942	Measuring pumps and dispensers ¹ for gasoline station, garage and household use, including but not limited to:	None	Photographic accessories.....	None
Ice box exterior—except portable blood banks.	None	Air pumps.		Photographic equipment ¹ —except microfilm.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ice cream freezers, household.....	None	Grease guns.		Physical reducing machines.....	None
Ice cream molds.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Grease pumps.		Picnic and outing boxes and accessories.	July 15, 1942
Ice cube trays.....	None	Gasoline dispensing pumps.		Picture and mirror hardware.....	None
Incinerators—except industrial, commercial and as specified in Defense Housing Critical List.	None	Kerosene pumps.		Pie plates—except commercial or institutional.	None
Ink well holders.....	None	Oil pumps—except barrel pumps and lubricators.		Pipe caps.....	None
Inlets, gutter, all types.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Meat molds.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Pipe cleaner knives.....	None
Inlets, sewer, all types.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Mechanical book binding.....	None	Pipe posts.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Insulation, metal reflecting type.	None	Memorial tablets.....	July 15, 1942	Pitcher—except for hospital use.	July 15, 1942
Ironing boards and stands.....	July 15, 1942	Menu holders.....	None	Plant and flower supports.....	None
Jam boxes.....	None	Metal cloths, except for industrial processing.	Nov. 5, 1942	Plates, light switch—except for cast conduit bodies.	Nov. 5, 1942
Jelly molds.....	None	Metal dust covers and enclosures—except industrial.	July 15, 1942	Playground equipment.....	Sept. 3, 1942
Jewelry.....	None	Milk bottle cases—except that a total of 4½ lbs. of iron and steel per case (including joining and essential hardware) may be used.	None	Play pens, boxes and enclosures, children's.	July 15, 1942
Jewelry cases.....	None	Millinery wire and gimps.....	None	Pleasure boats.....	None
Jugs, picnic, all types.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Mirrors, hand.....	None	Pleasure boat equipment and accessories.	Nov. 5, 1942
Kaleidoscopes.....	July 15, 1942	Monograms and initials.....	July 15, 1942	Plumbing and heating equipment ¹ :	Nov. 5, 1942
Key chains, cases and rings.....	July 15, 1942	Mop wringers.....	None	Gas conversion burners.	
Keys for opening cans.....	July 15, 1942	Motion picture cameras ¹	Nov. 5, 1942	Gas fired boiler-burner units.	
Knitting needles.....	None	Motion picture projectors ¹	Nov. 5, 1942	Gas fired furnace-burner units.	
Ladders, step.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Motion picture screen stands ¹	Nov. 5, 1942	Oil fired boiler-burner units.	
		Mud scrapers.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Oil fired furnace-burner units.	
		Music stands.....	None	Registers, cold air.	
		Napkin rings.....	None	Registers and grilles.	
		Necktie racks.....	None	Steel heating boilers of 129 sq. ft. or less of heating surface.	
		Newspaper boxes or holders.....	None	Pneumatic tube delivery systems—except industrial.	None

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date	Item	Governing date
Portable bath tubs.....	None	Semaphores, traffic signal—except railroad.	Nov. 5, 1942	Stadiums ¹	None
Poultry incubator cabinets.....	None	Service food trays.....	None	Stair and threshold treads ¹ , household, institutional and commercial buildings—except for fire escape and essential industrial use.	None
Pulp, paper, paper products and converter machinery and equipment—except:	Nov. 5, 1942	Sewer pipe, exterior installations—except for vents and within 5 feet of buildings.	None	Stamped bakery equipment—except pie plates for commercial or institutional use.	None
Automatic paper packaging machines.		Shades, window and roller type—except roller mechanism.	Nov. 5, 1942	Stands, all types—except: Essential industrial use.	Nov. 5, 1942
Paper bag machinery.		Sheet iron or hoop iron packings for cookies and sweet goods.	None	Hospital use where not otherwise specifically prohibited in this order.	
Paper corrugating machinery.		Shirt and stocking dryers.....	None	Staple removers.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Paper cup machinery.		Shoe cleaning kits.....	None	Starter shingle strips.....	None
Paper cutting machinery.		Shoe ornaments.....	July 15, 1942	Statues.....	None
Paper paraffining machinery.		Show window lighting and display equipment.	None	Steel wool for household use made from other than waste.	None
Paper pasting machinery.		Shower recepters—except frames.	None	Stencils.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Paper slitting machinery.		Shower stalls—except frames.	None	Store display equipment and show cases.	None
Pulp, paper, paper products and converter machinery and equipment—except:	Nov. 5, 1942	Shutters, window, ¹ except where required in industrial use by Underwriters.	July 15, 1942	Stretchers, carpet.....	Nov. 5, 1942
Paper tube machinery.		Sidewalk scrapers.....	July 15, 1942	Stretchers, glove, sock and sweater.	Nov. 5, 1942
Slitters and winders.		Sign hanger frames.....	None	Structural steel home construction.	None
Waxing machines.		Sign posts.....	None	Subway turnstiles ¹	None
Push carts.....	None	Signets.....	None	Sugar cube dryer trays.....	None
Push plates and kick plates, door.	None	Silos—except strapping and reinforcing.	None	Sugar holders.....	None
Race track apparatus and equipment, ¹ including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Sink aprons and legs.....	None	Sun dials.....	July 15, 1942
Mutuel ticket machines.		Sink drainboards, both integral and removable.	None	Sun lamps and infra-red lamps—except:	July 15, 1942
Parl-mutuel boards.		Siphon chargers.....	July 15, 1942	For professional and hospital use.	
Race finish photographic equipment.		Sitz baths.....	None	Where lamps and reflectors are used for drying and baking.	
Starting gates.		Skates, roller and ice.....	None	Swimming pool equipment ¹ , including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942
Racks, display.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Skating rink apparatus and equipment. ¹	July 15, 1942	Diving boards.	
Racquets.....	None	Skewers, all types.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Diving stands.	
Radiator enclosures.....	None	Ski racks.....	None	Ladders.	
Radio antenna poles ¹ —except on ratings of AA-5 or higher.	None	Slides, loops and slide-loops for work clothing—except:	Nov. 5, 1942	Slides.	
Railings, barriers and fences—except for livestock and poultry enclosures and essential industrial use.	July 15, 1942	One size not exceeding 1½" for men's work clothing.		Swivel chairs.....	None
Railings, barriers, and fences for industrial use.	Nov. 5, 1942	One size not exceeding 1¾" for boys' work clothing.		Table name-card holders.....	None
Railroad rail joint angle bars over 24" in length ¹ —except for replacement on used rails.	July 15, 1942	Sleds—except runners.....	July 15, 1942	Table tops for household use.....	None
Reading stands.....	July 15, 1942	Sleighs—except runners.....	July 15, 1942	Tablets.....	None
Reels, cable and rope.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Slide fasteners.....	None	Tags, key, name; price; identification—except:	None
Reflectors, street and highway.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Smokers' accessories.....	July 15, 1942	Personnel identification tags or badges where metal tags or badges are required for protection of government agencies.	
Refrigerator boxes, walk-in.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Snow shovels and pushers, hand	None	Personnel identification tags or badges containing not more than ¾ ounce of iron and steel where metal tags or badges are required for protection of industrial plants.	
Refrigerator containers and trays, household.	None	Sod lifters.....	July 15, 1942	Metal tags required for identification of livestock and poultry and products made therefrom.	
Regalia.....	July 15, 1942	Spading forks, children's.....	July 15, 1942	Pin attached or wire attached tickets for price marking soft goods.	
Registers, hand tally.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Special industrial machinery.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Metal tags for marking and identification of metal in its production and export shipment.	
Rodeo equipment, including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Cement making machinery. ¹		Tanks (strapping excluded).....	None
Animal trappings.		Ceramic making machinery ¹ —except refractory making machinery.		Dipping—for animals.	
Fences.		Collapsible tube filling machines. ¹		Watering—for animals.	
Gates ¹ .		Cosmetic machinery.		Feeding—for animals.	
Rolling boardwalk chairs ¹	July 15, 1942	Coupon inserting machines.		Storage, beer.	
Rolling pins.....	July 15, 1942	Cut and monumental stone machinery.		Storage, water ¹ —except:	
Rotary door bells.....	None	Fertilizer machinery. ¹		In tropical climates.	
Rug scrubbing and shampooing machines.	Nov. 5, 1942	Lamp manufacturing machinery, ¹ including incandescent, fluorescent, and electric discharge type.		Heights in excess of 100 feet.	
Safety zone posts, rails, cables and platforms.	Nov. 5, 1942	Milk can machinery. ¹		Range boilers and hot water storage.	
Salesmen's display cases and sales kits.	None	Paint processing and manufacturing machinery. ¹		Pneumatic pressure tanks 82 gallon size and 31 gallon or smaller size.	
Salt and pepper holders.....	None	Soap making machinery. ¹			
Sample boxes.....	None	Steel drum machinery ¹ —except for export purposes.			
Sand boats.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Tobacco machinery. ¹			
Sash weights for windows.....	Nov. 5, 1942	Wire-bound box making machinery.			
Scaffolding.....	None	Spittoons.....	None		
Scales, coin operated.....	July 15, 1942	Spools for cord, ribbon, tape.....	Nov. 5, 1942		
Scenery and stage hardware equipment, ¹ for dramatic, theatrical and operatic use, except lamp bulbs, including but not limited to:	July 15, 1942	Spools for wire—except traverse.....	Nov. 5, 1942		
Battens.		Sporting and athletic goods—except:	None		
Cables.		Fully fabricated skates, cleats, and similar items may be attached to athletic shoes without restriction.			
Lights.		Fishing tackle as permitted by Limitation Order L-92.			
Reflectors.		Spray containers, household.....	None		
Stage drops.		Sprinkling cans, garden.....	July 15, 1942		
Score boards.....	July 15, 1942				
Screen frames—except industrial processing.	None				
Scrubbing boards.....	None				

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date
Tank towers under 50 feet in height.	Nov. 5, 1942
Teapots.	None
Telephone bell boxes—except bases and where required for safety.	None
Telephone booths.	None
Telescopes—except U. S. Government Agencies.	None
Tent frames and supports.	Nov. 5, 1942
Termite shields.	Nov. 5, 1942
Terrazzo spacers and decorative strips—except hospital operating rooms.	None
Textile machinery ¹ .	Nov. 5, 1942
Bobbinet machines.	
Crocheting machines including scalloping machines and shell-stitching machines.	
Embroidery machines.	
Hosiery clocking machines.	
Lace machines.	
Looms:	
Axminster.	
Box.	
Dobby.	
Hooked.	
Jacquard.	
Wilton.	
All other machines for the manufacture of drapery and upholstery fabrics whether flat or pile weave.	
Linooleum or felt-base wall or floor covering machines.	
Thermometer bases, household.	None
Thermometer cases and mountings, except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942
Thermos jugs and bottles over 1 qt.	None
Thimbles, sewing.	Nov. 5, 1942
Tickers, stock.	July 15, 1942
Ticket vending machines—except for public transportation.	July 15, 1942
Tile, steel-back.	None
Tongs, food handling and household use.	None
Tool boxes—except industrial.	None
Tool cases—except industrial.	None
Tool handles—except power None driven.	
Traffic lane markers.	Nov. 5, 1942
Trailer bodies ¹ —except:	July 15, 1942
Tank and dump bodies.	
Essential hardware, structural and bracing members for bodies, essentially of wood construction.	
Transplanting trowels.	July 15, 1942
Trophies.	July 15, 1942
Truck bodies ¹ —except:	July 15, 1942
Tank and dump bodies.	
Essential hardware, structural and bracing members for bodies, essentially of wood construction.	
Trunks ¹ —except locks.	July 15, 1942
Turf edgers.	July 15, 1942
Typewriter mechanism for pedestal and drop-head desks.	Nov. 5, 1942
Umbrellas, garden.	July 15, 1942
Umbrella shafts and handles.	July 15, 1942
Urinals.	None
Vanity cases.	July 15, 1942
Vending machines for sanitary napkins.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ventilators, shutter type.	Nov. 5, 1942
Vibrators, electric.	Nov. 5, 1942
Voting machines.	None
Wagon bodies and frames—except for construction.	None
Wardrobe trunks.	None
Waste paper receptacles.	July 15, 1942
Watch straps.	July 15, 1942
Water color paint boxes.	None
Water softeners, household.	Nov. 5, 1942

¹ Maintenance and repair excepted.

Item	Governing date
Water stills, household.	Nov. 5, 1942
Water troughs ¹ .	July 15, 1942
Weather stripping.	None
Weather vane.	July 15, 1942
Weed cutters and pullers, including dandelion, thistle and dock.	July 15, 1942
Wheelbarrows—except wheels, and except for use in foundries, smelters, and coke-producing plants to handle hot materials.	None
Whiskey service sets.	None
Window display advertising.	None
Window shade rollers—except roller mechanism.	Nov. 5, 1942
Window stools.	None
Window ventilators—except industrial and hospitals.	None
Wine coolers.	None
Wine service sets.	None
Wire parcel handles and holders.	None
Wire racks and baskets—except:	None
Animal cages for biological work.	
Industrial.	
Scientific laboratory equipment.	
Work benches—except:	None
Shipboard.	
Industrial, where required for safety.	

LIST S—STAINLESS STEEL

Note: Changes have been made in List S.

Aircraft fire walls.	Nov. 5, 1942
Aircraft seats.	Nov. 5, 1942
Aircraft toilets.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ammunition boxes and chutes.	Nov. 5, 1942
Badges.	Nov. 5, 1942
Barrel hoops and fittings.	Nov. 5, 1942
Baskets, except for heat-treating, pickling and plating.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bed pans.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bins, screens and strainers.	Nov. 5, 1942
Blueprint machines.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bobbin heads.	Nov. 5, 1942
Boller casings.	Nov. 5, 1942
Bottle coolers.	Nov. 5, 1942
Branding, marking and labeling devices.	Nov. 5, 1942
Brewing, distilling and processing equipment for alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages including bottling equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Buckets and pails.	Nov. 5, 1942
Builders' supplies and hardware.	Nov. 5, 1942
Cable terminals, fittings, and turnbuckles.	Nov. 5, 1942
Cafeteria and restaurant equipment. ¹	July 15, 1942
Chains and cables—except for heat-treating, pickling and plating.	Nov. 5, 1942
Cheese vats.	Nov. 5, 1942
Clocks, clock-dials and cases.	Nov. 5, 1942
Coffee pots.	Nov. 5, 1942
Control levers.	Nov. 5, 1942
Convector, local and unit heaters—except heat controls.	Nov. 5, 1942
Conveyors and conveyor chutes—except where subject to high temperature and corrosive action.	Nov. 5, 1942
Cups of all kinds—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942
Cutlery.	Nov. 5, 1942
Dishes, saucers and plates.	Nov. 5, 1942
Dyeing equipment ¹ .	Nov. 5, 1942
Elevators, including doors and trim.	Nov. 5, 1942
Fans—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942

Item	Governing date
Farm machinery and replacement parts.	Nov. 5, 1942
Fire-fighting apparatus—except pump shafts and where working parts are in contact with corrosive chemicals.	Nov. 5, 1942
Fishing tackle and equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Floor plates and floor coverings.	Nov. 5, 1942
Fountains.	Nov. 5, 1942
Furniture hardware.	Nov. 5, 1942
Galley and mess equipment ¹ .	July 15, 1942
Galley, kitchen, cafeteria and restaurant panelling.	Nov. 5, 1942
Hangers, all types.	Nov. 5, 1942
Hoist clamps.	Nov. 5, 1942
Hot water heaters, tanks and coils.	Nov. 5, 1942
Hydrants.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ice boxes.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ice cream cabinets.	July 15, 1942
Identification tags and badges.	Nov. 5, 1942
Instrument dials and cases.	Nov. 5, 1942
Kitchenware.	July 15, 1942
Ladders and hoists, including fittings.	Nov. 5, 1942
Lanterns and lamps—except valves, controls and mantle-holders.	Nov. 5, 1942
Lavatory equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Light fixtures.	Nov. 5, 1942
Livestock and poultry equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Locks.	Nov. 5, 1942
Match and pattern plates, matrices and flasks.	Nov. 5, 1942
Meat cutters.	Nov. 5, 1942
Mechanical drawing and drafting equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Milk storage tanks, milk receiving tanks and milk weighing tanks—except that where permitted materials cannot be secured, a further exemption is hereby granted for the minimum period of time necessary to obtain such permitted materials but in no event later than April 30, 1943.	Nov. 5, 1942
Mortician's supplies and equipment.	Nov. 5, 1942
Name plates.	Nov. 5, 1942
Oil burners—except functional parts.	Nov. 5, 1942
Oil space heaters.	Nov. 5, 1942
Pipe tube, tubing and fittings—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942
Pole-line hardware.	Nov. 5, 1942
Powder boxes.	Nov. 5, 1942
Pumps, fresh water—except industrial.	Nov. 5, 1942
Radio antenna.	July 15, 1942
Refrigerators and Refrigeration equipment—except essential machinery parts.	Nov. 5, 1942
Rubber moulds.	Nov. 5, 1942
Shelves.	Nov. 5, 1942
Staples.	Nov. 5, 1942
Stokers—except functional parts.	Nov. 5, 1942
Storage racks, cabinets or lockers.	Nov. 5, 1942
Stoves and ranges, disc stoves and hot plates—except electrical controls and units.	Nov. 5, 1942
Toliet floats, cistern and low water-floats.	Nov. 5, 1942
Tubs, washing.	Nov. 5, 1942
Valve handles.	Nov. 5, 1942
Ventilators.	Nov. 5, 1942
Window screens and frames.	Nov. 5, 1942

LIST C

Access panels—for use on board ship, on military vehicles and where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.

Accessories—soda fountain—for use on board ship.

Acoustical ceilings—for use on board ship.

- Air conditioning systems—for hospital operating rooms and industrial plants (excluding offices), for use on board ship, for use outside continental limits of the U. S., for use in fortifications, for handling and storage of explosives, for storage and handling of instruments critical to temperature or humidity, for use in gas proofing installations, and for use in mobile surgical vehicles and laboratory vehicles.
- Ammunition boxes and chutes of stainless steel.
- Attic fans—where climatic conditions make necessary.
- Automobile accessories.
- Automobile heaters—where specified for military vehicles.
- Awning frames and supports—for use on board ship, military repair units, hospital installations, and military construction units.
- Barber shop supplies.
- Baskets—for cooking and manufacturing uses and for ordnance operations.
- Bath tubs—for use on board ship and in hospitals.
- B-B shot—for training and shot blast cleaning purposes.
- Beds—for use on board ship; beds containing not more than 5 pounds of iron or steel, excluding springs.
- Bed spring frames—for use on board ship and for maintenance and repair.
- Bench legs.
- Binooculars.
- Bird cages—for carrier pigeons.
- Bird feeders—for carrier pigeons.
- Biscuit boxes—for use on board ship or where climatic conditions make necessary.
- Bleachers and grandstands—but only straps and necessary fasteners for demountable wooden bleachers and grandstands.
- Boiler casings of stainless steel—for use on board ship.
- Bottle holders—for use on board ship and in hospitals.
- Brushes, wire bristles only.
- Buttons.
- Cabinets—for mobile units such as maintenance company equipment (truck mounted), spare parts trucks and mobile reproduction units, and for electrical installations, hospital operating and examining rooms, and as permitted by L-13-a and L-62.
- Cable terminals, fittings and turnbuckles of stainless steel.
- Canopies, hoods and supports—for use on board ship, military repair units, hospital installations, and military construction units.
- Cans or containers for anti-freeze, candy, coffee, nuts—where climatic conditions make necessary.
- Cash boxes.
- Casket handles.
- Ceilings—for use on board ship, but only where necessary.
- Chains and cables of stainless steel.
- Cigarette lighters—for use outside continental limits of U. S., for sale by Post Exchanges at ports of embarkation, and for sale by ships Service Stores on board ship.
- Clock cases.
- Clothing trim.
- Control levers of stainless steel.
- Cooking stoves—commercial electric.
- Counter tops and edgings—for use on board ship.
- Culverts—for airports, for use outside continental limits of the U. S., and where certified to the manufacturer or supplier as necessary by the Army or Navy Engineer in charge.
- Cups of all kinds, drinking.
- Dishwashing machines.
- Door closers—for fire prevention, for use on board ship, and where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.
- Door handles—for fire prevention, for use on board ship, for military vehicles, and where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.
- Door stops—for use on board ship and where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.
- Dust collecting systems and equipment.
- Dust covers and enclosures—when specified for military vehicles.
- Electric drinking water coolers—for use on board ship, in hospitals and in tropical climates.
- Erasing knives.
- Fences, chain link, weighing not more than 2 pounds per lineal foot and not more than .33 pounds per square foot.
- Flag staffs and flag masts—for use on board ship, and on military vehicles.
- Flashlight tubes.
- Floor and ceiling plates for piping, for use on board ship, for military vehicles, and where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.
- Floor polishing machines—maintenance and repair only.
- Furniture—for use on board ship.
- Galley and mess equipment of stainless steel, as follows:
- Clad stainless steel for steam tables and warming pans.
 - Single clad stainless steel on inside of steam jacketed kettles.
 - Single clad stainless steel for stock pots.
 - Clad stainless steel bottoms and solid stainless steel sides for pressure cookers.
 - Non-nickel bearing stainless steel clad doors and other parts coming in direct contact with food in cold storage spaces on board ship.
 - Non-nickel bearing stainless steel for coffee urns.
 - Stainless steel single clad sinks and dresser tops for use on board ship.
 - Stainless steel for canteens.
 - Non-nickel bearing stainless steel liners for portable water coolers.
 - Non-nickel bearing stainless steel for tanks and hoods of dishwashing machines.
 - Metal sponges from non-nickel bearing stainless steel wire.
 - Compartment mess trays, but only from existing finished stocks of stainless steel.
- Games.
- Garage hoists and car lifts.
- Grilles—sewer.
- Hand seals for documents.
- Harness and saddlery fittings.
- Hat frames, wire and gimps.
- Hat-making machinery, but only—
- Blocking machines with complete sets of blocks.
 - Sets or dies for cutting parts.
- Helmets.
- Hose reels.
- Hospital equipment—
- Arm immersion stands.
 - Bed trays.
 - Bedside panel screen frames—for use in operating rooms, and outside continental limits of U. S.
 - Bowl stands—for use in operating rooms and on board ship.
 - Cabinets—X-ray film filing.
 - Cabinets for diathermy, sinusoidal and galvanic apparatus.
 - Chart holders.
 - Commodities—for hospital use outside continental limits of U. S.
 - Dish trucks—frames and wheel tires only.
 - Dressing stand frames.
 - Examining tables, non-adjustable—for use on board ship and in Field Hospitals.
 - Instrument cabinets.
 - Instrument tables.
 - Nurses' work tables.
 - Overbed and swing overbed tables—functional parts only.
 - Stands and racks for colonic irrigation apparatus.
 - Sterilizer stands.
 - Supply and treatment cabinets.
 - Utensil racks.
- Hot water heaters, tanks and coils of stainless steel—where specified for aircraft and military vehicles.
- Ice box exteriors—for use on board ship, mobile type refrigerators, and for use where climatic conditions make necessary.
- Ice cube trays.
- Identification tags and badges of stainless steel—for personnel.
- Incinerators.
- Keys for opening cans.
- Laundry trays—for use on board ship.
- Lavatories—for use on board ship and outside continental limits of U. S.
- Lockers—for office equipment as limited by Limitation Order L-13-a, for use on board ship, military vehicles, outside continental limits of U. S. and in ordnance plants.
- Mail boxes—for use on board ship.
- Measuring pumps and dispensers for gasoline stations and garages, including but not limited to—
- Gasoline dispensing pumps.
 - Grease guns.
 - Grease pumps.
 - Oil pumps.
 - Kerosene pumps.
 - Air pumps.
- Mirrors, hand—for signal use.
- Pads, inking and stamping.
- Paint spray outfits.
- Partitions—for use in hospitals and on board ship.
- Pencils, mechanical or automatic, functional parts only—except for resale.
- Phonograph motors, hand wound.
- Phonograph record blanks.
- Photographic accessories.
- Pie plates.
- Pitchers.
- Pneumatic tube delivery systems.
- Portable bathtubs.
- Powder boxes of stainless steel.
- Push carts—for ordnance and combat organizations.
- Radio antenna of stainless steel.
- Radio antennae poles.
- Railings—for use on board ship.
- Scaffolding—for use in shipyards, airfields and other places where use of wood scaffolding is impracticable.
- Screen frames.
- Sewer pipe, exterior installations—for pressure lines only.
- Shirt and stocking dryers of cast iron only.
- Shower receptors—for use on board ship.
- Shower stalls—for use on board ship.
- Sink aprons and legs—for use on board ship.
- Sink drainboards, both integral and removable—for use on board ship and where required for sterilization.
- Siphon chargers for life jacket inflation.
- Slide fasteners.
- Snow shovels and pushers, hand.
- Sporting and athletic goods.
- Stamped bakery equipment.
- Swivel chairs—for use on board ship.
- Tags—
- For marking ammunition.
 - Identification (name).
- Tanks, storage, water, but only for use on board ship, mobile units, range boilers and hot water storage, use outside continental limits of U. S., heights in excess of 100 feet, pneumatic pressure tanks.
- Telephone bell boxes—for use on board ship or where climatic or safety conditions make necessary.
- Telescopes.
- Thermos jugs and bottles.
- Tile, steel back—for ladder treads, step plates and use on board ship.
- Tool boxes.
- Tool cases—for mobile equipment.
- Tool handles, where specified.
- Truck and trailer units and bodies, where specifically designed for military purposes.
- Urinals—for use on board ship, and outside continental limits of U. S.
- Waste paper receptacles—for hospital use only.
- Water troughs, frame and support only.
- Wheelbarrows.
- Wire racks and baskets.
- Work benches where wooden benches will not stand up under ordinary use.

LIST D—OTHER SCARCE MATERIALS

Metals—all, except lead.
Rubber.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13518; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:03 p. m.]

PART 1176—IRON AND STEEL CONSERVATION
[Amendment 1 to General Conservation Order
M-126 as Amended December 5, 1942]

General Conservation Order M-126 as amended November 5, 1942 (§ 1176.1), is hereby amended in the following respects:

(1) By amending the item on List A which reads:

Fireplace equipment, including but not limited to grates, clean out doors and ash dumps—except dampers.

To be and read as follows:

Fireplace equipment, including but not limited to grates, clean out doors and ash dumps—except:

Dampers.

Grates not exceeding 30 lbs. per grate for the period from December 21, 1942 to and including January 6, 1943 using scrap material only.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,

Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13517; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:04 p. m.]

PART 3097—SULFAMIC ACID AND SULFAMIC ACID DERIVATIVES

[General Preference Order M-242,¹ as
Amended Dec. 12, 1942]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3097.1 *General Preference Order M-242*—(a) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Sulfamic acid" means the chemical compound of that name having the formula HSO_2NH_2 .

(2) "Sulfamic acid derivatives" means ammonium sulfamate and fire retardants made from sulfamic acid.

(3) "Producer" means any person engaged in the production of sulfamic acid or sulfamic acid derivatives and includes any person who has any such material produced for him pursuant to toll agreement.

(4) "Distributor" means any person who has purchased, or purchases, sulfamic acid or any sulfamic acid derivative for resale.

¹This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of General Preference Order M-242 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 15, 1942, p. 10431, and reflects the order in its completed form as of December 12, 1942.

(b) *Restrictions on delivery*. (1) On and after November 1, 1942 no person shall deliver or accept delivery of sulfamic acid or any sulfamic acid derivative without the specific authorization of the Director General for Operations upon application pursuant to paragraph (d) hereof.

(2) Each person accepting delivery of sulfamic acid or any sulfamic acid derivative pursuant to specific authorization of the Director General for Operations shall use the same only for the purposes specified in such authorization.

(3) Each person affected by this order shall comply with such directions as may be given by the Director General for Operations at any time after October 3, 1942, with respect to the use or delivery of sulfamic acid or with respect to the use or delivery of any sulfamic acid derivative.

(c) *Production and establishment of inventories*. (1) Each producer shall comply with such directions as may be given by the Director General for Operations at any time after October 3, 1942, with respect to the production of sulfamic acid or with respect to the production of any sulfamic acid derivative.

(2) Each person shall comply with such directions as may be given by the Director General for Operations at any time after October 3, 1942, with respect to the establishment of inventories of sulfamic acid or with respect to the establishment of inventories of any sulfamic acid derivative.

(d) *Applications and reports*. In addition to such other reports as may be required from time to time by the Director General for Operations:

(1) Each person seeking authorization to accept delivery of sulfamic acid or of any sulfamic acid derivative pursuant to paragraph (b) (1) hereof, shall apply for such authorization on Form PD-600. Such applicant shall file with the War Production Board the original and two copies of such form on or before the 15th day of the month preceding the month for which such authorization is requested and shall file with his supplier one copy of such form on or before the 10th day of such month if the supplier is a producer or on or before the 5th day of such month if the supplier is a distributor, which form shall be prepared in the manner prescribed therein, subject, however, to the following specific instructions:

(i) *Heading*. Specify "sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives" and order number "M-242", and specify pounds as the unit of measure, and in addition to specifying the delivery destination, indicate the address to which communications should be directed.

(ii) *Columns 1, 11 and 19*. Specify sulfamic acid, ammonium sulfamate or fire retardant.

(iii) *Columns 3, 20 and 22*. In the case of a distributor, specify "resale pursuant to further authorization". In the case of a consumer, specify:

Ammonium sulfamate.
Fire retardant.
Flameproofed textiles.
Laboratory reagents.
Leather.
Cellophane.
Dycstuffs.

Dry color.
Electroplating solution.
Other.

If "other" is specified, describe briefly.
(iv) *Column 4*. In the case of a distributor, disregard. In the case of a consumer, specify:

Military materials.
Non-military materials.
Military clothing.
Non-military clothing.
Quartermaster Corps confidential.
Other Governmental Agencies (Identify)
specification number.
Nitrite removal.
Washing agents.
Fixing agents.
Fertilizing pigments.
Other.

If "other" is specified describe briefly.

(2) Each producer and distributor seeking authorization to deliver sulfamic acid or any sulfamic acid derivative pursuant to paragraph (b) (1) hereof, shall apply therefor on Form PD-601. Such applicant shall file with the War Production Board the original and two copies of such form on or before the 20th day of the month preceding the month for which such authorization is requested, which form shall be prepared in the manner prescribed therein, subject, however, to the following specific instructions:

(i) *Heading*. Specify "sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives" and order number "M-242", and specify pounds as the unit of measure, and in addition to specifying the plant or warehouse address, indicate the address to which communications should be directed.

(ii) *Columns 3 and 8*. Specify sulfamic acid, ammonium sulfamate or fire retardant.

(e) *Notification of customers*. Producers and distributors shall, as soon as practicable, notify each of their regular customers of the requirements of this order, but failure to give such notice shall not excuse any such person from complying with the terms hereof.

(f) *Miscellaneous provisions*—(1) *Applicability of priorities regulations*. This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable provisions of War Production Board Priorities Regulations, as amended from time to time.

(2) *Intra-company deliveries*. The prohibitions and restrictions of this order with respect to deliveries of sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives, shall apply not only to deliveries to other persons, including affiliates and subsidiaries, but also to deliveries from one branch, division or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division or section of the same or any other enterprise under common ownership or control.

(3) *Violations*. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact, or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(4) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C., Ref.: M-242.

(g) *Small order exemption.* The specific authorization provided for in paragraph (b) (1) hereof shall not be required with respect to the delivery by any producer or distributor to any one person during any calendar month, of five pounds or less of sulfamic acid or of any sulfamic acid derivative, to be used for analytical, testing, control, educational or research purposes, or to the acceptance of delivery thereof for such purposes, subject to the following conditions:

(1) The total amount of deliveries made by any one producer or distributor, pursuant to this paragraph (g), shall not exceed 100 pounds of sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives, in the aggregate, during any one month.

(2) Each person seeking delivery of five pounds or less of sulfamic acid, or of any sulfamic acid derivative, during any month, shall file with his supplier at the time of placing his order therefor a certificate in substantially the following form:

The undersigned hereby certifies that if delivery of the quantity of sulfamic acid or sulfamic acid derivatives covered by the accompanying order is made, the undersigned will not have received, during the month in which such delivery is to be made, in excess of five pounds of sulfamic acid and sulfamic acid derivatives, and that such material will be used solely for analytical, testing, control, educational or research purposes.

(Name of customer)

By -----
(Signature of authorized officer)

Date ----- Title -----
(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 12th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13521; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:04 p. m.]

PART 3122—ELECTRICAL MOTORS AND GENERATORS

[General Conservation Order L-221 as Amended Dec. 8, 1942¹]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of certain critical materials and facilities used in the manufacture of electric motors for de-

fense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3122.1 *General Conservation Order L-221*—(a) *Definitions.* For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(2) "Motor" means any new rotating equipment or device used to transform electric energy into mechanical energy, and having a rating of one horsepower or more; except motors used in the operation of passenger automobiles, trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers and off-the-highway motor vehicles, as defined in Order L-158, or in the operation of stationary automotive type engines.

(3) "Generator" means any new rotating equipment or device used to transform mechanical energy into electric energy, and having a rating of not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ KW and not more than 6000 KW; except generators used in the operation of passenger automobiles, trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers and off-the-highway motor vehicles, as defined in Order L-158, or in the operation of stationary automotive type engines.

(4) "Manufacture" means the fabrication or assembly of motors or generators.

(5) "Manufacturer" means any enterprise to the extent that it is engaged in the business of manufacturing motors or generators.

(6) "Dealer" means any enterprise to the extent that it acquires motors or generators for resale.

(7) "Used motor or generator" includes reconditioned and rebuilt motors or generators.

(8) "Delivery" includes delivery of a motor or generator from one affiliate to another or from one branch, division or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division or section of the same enterprise where the recipient affiliate, branch, division or section will use the motor or generator or incorporate it into other machinery.

(9) "Order" means any commitment or other arrangement for the delivery of a new motor or generator whether by purchase, lease, rental or otherwise.

(10) "Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration" does not include any privately operated plant or shipyard financed by, or controlled by any of those organizations, or operated on a cost-plus-fixed-fee basis.

(b) *Restrictions on acceptance and delivery of orders.* (1) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, on and after December 10, 1942, no manufacturer shall accept any order for any motor or generator; and on and after February 1, 1943, no manufacturer or dealer shall make delivery, and no person shall accept delivery from a manufacturer or dealer, of any motor or generator, unless:

(i) The purchaser shall have no idle motor or generator in his possession which is adaptable to the purpose for which the new motor or generator is sought to be purchased;

(ii) The purchaser shall have attempted to obtain, from at least three dealers, a used motor or generator for the purpose for which the new motor or generator is sought to be purchased; *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any order for 10 or more new motors of an identical kind and rating by a purchaser who fabricates or assembles machinery or equipment into which such motors will be incorporated;

(iii) The motor or generator is not purchased for replacement of existing equipment; and

(iv) The motor or generator is required for installation within the shortest practicable time after delivery and is not for standby purposes. As applied to a person who purchases motors or generators for incorporation into other machinery manufactured by him, "installation" as used above refers only to such incorporation and not to the use of the other machinery. For the purpose of this subparagraph, a motor or generator shall be deemed installed (and not standby) equipment when it is connected to the purchaser's load and electrical system, notwithstanding that the purpose of such equipment may be emergency relief service.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (b) (1) shall not apply to (i) any order for motors or generators for the use of the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration, or for incorporation into any machinery or equipment to be used by said agencies, or (ii) any order for special motors, by a person who fabricates or assembles machinery or equipment into which such special motors are to be incorporated; *Provided,* That, as of December 2, 1942, such special motors were required by the function and design of such machinery or equipment. As used in this subparagraph, the term "special motor" means any motor other than a general purpose, horizontal, continuous duty, open type 40° C. rise motor.

(c) *Restrictions on types of motors.* Except as otherwise specifically provided herein or authorized by the Director General for Operations, on and after December 10, 1942 no manufacturer or dealer shall accept any order for any motor; and on and after February 1, 1943 no manufacturer or dealer shall deliver, and no person shall accept delivery from a manufacturer or dealer, of any motor; unless the motor is in compliance with the following standards and is otherwise of the simplest practicable mechanical and electrical design:

(1) *Mechanical and electrical design.* The following minimum standards shall be applied with respect to electrical and mechanical design:

(i) No motor shall have a temperature rise less than 40° C, for open type; 50° C, for splash-proof type; and 55° C for totally enclosed type motors; *Provided, however,* That the temperature rise of the motor may vary from the above standards to the extent that the manufacturer has heretofore provided tolerance therefrom in his design and manufacture of the same or a similar type motor rated 40° C, 50° C, or 55° C, as the case may be.

¹ This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of General Conservation Order L-221 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 10, 1942, p. 10280, and reflects the order in its completed form as of December 8, 1942.

(ii) No motor shall include a special enclosure to make it other than open type; except that (a) a motor may be explosion proof type if it is to be used in a Class I hazardous location, as defined in Paragraph 5005, Article 500, Chapter 5 of the National Electrical Code approved by the American Standards Association August 7, 1940; (b) a motor may be totally enclosed if it is to be used in a Class II hazardous location, as defined in Paragraph 5006, Article 500, Chapter 5 of the above Code, or if it is to be used generally in an atmosphere which is corrosive or which contains such quantities of material particles, dust or fumes as to be destructive of an open type motor; (c) a motor may be splash-proof type in any case where the motor is to be permanently installed outdoors without other protection or where the motor will be subjected to continually falling material particles, or to drops of splashing or jet propelled liquids falling at regular intervals of not less than once a day; and that (d) the provisions of this paragraph (c) (1) (ii) shall not apply to any motor to be used on board any vessel owned or operated by the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration: *Provided, however, That in any case where the requirements of General Limitation Order L-147, or any action taken by the Director General for Operations thereunder shall be more restrictive than the requirements of this subparagraph, the former shall apply.*

(iii) Where practicable, AC polyphase motors shall be single voltage.

(iv) All alternating current multi-speed motors shall be single-winding; except motors for use in metal cutting machines.

(v) No motor shall be of slip ring type, except for hoist, crane, conveyor, elevator, tow, or dragline duty.

(vi) No motor shall be direct current type; except (a) where only direct current is available to the user; or (b) for use on a metal cutting machine or on testing equipment; or (c) where speed matching is required.

(vii) No direct current motor shall have a lower base speed than as prescribed below:

Horsepower rating:	Minimum base speed
1 to 5 incl.	600 r.p.m.
5.1 to 25 incl.	450 r.p.m.
25.1 to 75 incl.	400 r.p.m.
75.1-200.	300 r.p.m.

(2) *Horsepower loading.* The following standards shall be applied in determining horsepower loads for motor ratings:

(i) Horsepower required for purposes of ascertaining load as provided herein shall be determined by test or, where test is impossible, by careful calculation or comparison with known power requirements of similar apparatus.

(ii) Where the motor rated voltage will be maintained and the ambient temperature, normally, will be below 40° C, and will only occasionally, and for short periods, equal or exceed 40° C: (a) in the case of alternating current motors rated 40° C open type, continuous duty, the horsepower rating shall be not more than 80% of the determined horsepower load; (b) in the case of alternating current or direct current motors rated 50°

C semi-enclosed, or 55° C totally enclosed, continuous duty, the horsepower rating shall be not more than 81% of the determined horsepower load; and (c) in the case of direct current motors rated 40° C open type, continuous duty, the horsepower rating shall be not more than 87% of the determined horsepower load: *Provided, however, That in any case where the application of any of the above formulae results in a horsepower rating, which is not a standard horsepower rating, the rating may be the standard horsepower rating next above the rating resulting from the application of the formula.*

Example: Where the horsepower required as determined in subdivision (1), is 93 HP, of which 80% would be 74.4, a motor not exceeding 7.5 standard HP should be delivered.

(3) *Speed.* The following minimum standards shall be applied in determining motor speed:

(i) All alternating current motors, 25 horsepower and below shall have a synchronous speed of at least 1800 R. P. M. at 60 cycles (four pole winding), and corresponding speeds at other frequencies: *Provided, however, That in any case where the purchaser deems such speed impracticable he shall endorse on the certification required by paragraph (d) below such facts as shall demonstrate such impracticability, and if the manufacturer shall likewise certify such impracticability on the order, the provisions of this subdivision (i) shall not apply.*

(ii) All other motors shall be of the highest practicable speed for the purposes for which purchased.

(d) *Certification.* (1) Each person placing an order on and after December 10, 1942 with a manufacturer or dealer for delivery of a motor or generator, and each person who receives delivery of a motor or generator from a manufacturer or dealer on and after February 1, 1943, pursuant to an order placed prior to December 10, 1942, shall certify to the manufacturer or dealer, as a condition to receiving delivery, the following (in substantially the form described below) on the purchase order or in a separate document (except that there may be omitted therefrom any portion relating to provisions of this order which are inapplicable in the particular case):

The undersigned hereby certifies that:
(A) (i) He has no idle motor (or generator) in his possession, except the following which is not adaptable to his purpose for the reasons stated below:

(ii) He has been unable to obtain a used motor (or generator) for his purpose from the following dealers (at least three):

(iii) The motor (or generator) is not for purposes of replacement of existing equipment (except as otherwise authorized by the Director General for Operations, upon appeal, when copy of authorization is to be attached):

(iv) The motor (or generator) is required for installation within _____ days after delivery and is not for standby purposes.

(B) The motor or motors described in the within (or attached) order, or orders, are in

compliance with paragraph (c) (1) of General Limitation Order L-221 as follows:

(Here explain how design of motor meets requirements of each subdivision of paragraph (c) (1)).

(C) Horsepower required has been carefully determined in accordance with paragraph (c) (2) (i) and the horsepower rating of the motor or motors is in accordance with paragraph (c) (2) (ii) as follows:

(Here describe method of determining horsepower rating in accordance with said paragraph)

(D) (If the motor is AC, 25 horsepower or below, and does not have a synchronous speed of at least 1800 R.P.M. at 60 cycles (4 pole winding) and corresponding speeds at other frequencies, here provide the purchaser's certification required by paragraph (c) (3) (i)).

Company
By _____
(Authorized official)

In any case where an order relates to motors or generators of the identical kind and rating covered by a certification previously furnished to the same manufacturer or dealer, any facts included in the previous certification and which have remained unchanged may be incorporated in the certification required with respect to the current order by reference to the previous certification.

(2) Such certification shall be signed by a duly authorized and responsible official, employee, or agent of the purchaser, and shall constitute a representation to the Director General for Operations, War Production Board, as well as to the supplier, of the facts certified therein.

No person shall make delivery under this order who has reason to believe that the purchaser has furnished a false certification; and no person shall falsely furnish the certification specified above.

Any manufacturer or dealer may rely upon the facts furnished in the above mentioned certification and shall not be responsible for any action taken by him under this order in reliance upon inaccurate or untrue statements therein, unless he has reason to believe that such statements are inaccurate or untrue.

(3) Each manufacturer who manufactures a motor for delivery as part of other machinery or equipment which he also manufactures shall provide and retain in his records, with respect to each such motor, a certification similar to that provided for in subparagraph (1) and (2) above, signed by a duly authorized and responsible official or employee connected with the production of such motor; but no certification shall be required by the purchaser of the machinery which includes the motor. Such certification by the manufacturer shall constitute a representation to the Director General for Operations, War Production Board, of the facts certified therein.

(e) *Authorization of Director General for Operations.* Application for the authorization of the Director General for Operations to deviate from the standards and conditions of paragraph (c) shall be made by the purchaser or proposed purchaser of the motor (or by the manufacturer in any case where the motor is to be incorporated into other machinery

manufactured by the same manufacturer) by letter or telegram or other communication addressed to the General Industrial Equipment Division, War Production Board, setting forth facts sufficient to enable the Director General for Operations to determine the necessity for such authorization. If granted, the authorization shall be transmitted by the purchaser to his supplier.

(f) *Exemptions.* The limitations and restrictions of paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this order shall not apply (1) until March 2, 1943, to any motor or generator delivered to and for the direct use of the Army, the Navy, the Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration; (2) to any motor or generator delivered for use in any foreign country (except Canada); (3) to any motor or generator delivered to any manufacturer or dealer for resale as a motor or generator and not as part of other machinery or equipment: *Provided, however,* That all the limitations and restrictions of this order shall apply to any resale of any such motor or generator; (4) to any motor or generator to be used above deck on any vessel or to be used in the operation of combat equipment. As used herein, "combat equipment" means any combat end product (including but not limited to, ammunition and other ordnance, tanks, warships, and aircraft) prescribed for field or combat use by the Army or Navy of the United States.

(g) *Production schedules.* (1) On and after February 1, 1943, no manufacturer shall manufacture any motor or generator unless the motor or generator is included in a production schedule approved by the Director General for Operations as provided below.

(2) On or before the 20th day of December and of each succeeding calendar month, every manufacturer shall file with the Director General for Operations a report on Form PD-738 which shall include such manufacturer's proposed production schedules of motors and generators so far as then planned, and such other information as shall be required by said Form PD-738. The production schedule for the calendar month following the date of filing shall be deemed to be approved by the Director General for Operations upon receipt of the above mentioned report by the War Production Board unless and until the Director General for Operations shall otherwise direct. Regardless of the terms of any other order or rule or regulation of the War Production Board, or of any commitment by the manufacturer or any customer, the Director General for Operations may at any time change any schedule; direct the cancellation of any order held by any manufacturer whether or not included or reflected in any schedule; prescribe any other schedule for production; allocate any order theretofore received by the manufacturer to any other manufacturer; or direct the delivery of any motor or generator, in production or completed to any person, at the established price and terms. No manufacturer shall alter any approved or prescribed production schedule unless authorized or directed to do so by the Director General for Operations.

(h) *Miscellaneous provisions—*(1) *Records and reports.* All persons affected by this order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production, and sales.

All persons affected by this order shall execute and file with the War Production Board, such reports and questionnaires as the Director General for Operations shall from time to time request.

(2) *Other limitation orders.* Nothing in this order shall be construed to permit any person to sell, deliver, or otherwise transfer, or any manufacturer to purchase, receive delivery of or otherwise acquire any raw materials, semi-processed parts, or finished products in contravention of the terms of any L or M Order, or amendments or supplements thereto or other regulations of the War Production Board effective at the date of any such sale, delivery, or other transfer. Where the limitations imposed by any other L or M Order are applicable to the subject matter of this order, the most restrictive limitation shall apply, unless otherwise specifically provided herein.

(3) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(4) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(5) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, General Industrial Equipment Division, Washington, D. C. Ref.: L-221.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 8th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13522; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:03 p. m.]

PART 3134—DAIRY PRODUCTS

[Conservation Order M-259 as Amended Dec. 9, 1942]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created

¹ This document is a restatement of Amendment 1 of Conservation Order M-259 which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER of December 11, 1942, p. 10329, and reflects the order in its completed form as of December 9, 1942.

a shortage in the supply of milk and milk products for defense, for private account and for export, and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3134.1 *Conservation Order M-259—*
(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Producer" shall mean any person who is engaged in the business of:

(i) Pasteurizing milk or cream,
(ii) Producing dairy products, for sale, by processing milk or cream in a plant not located on a farm where the milk was produced,

(iii) Bottling raw or pasteurized cream in glass or paper containers, or

(iv) Selling cream in bulk containers to hotels, institutions, or restaurants; *Provided, however,* That a farmer or ranch or herd owner who delivered an average of less than one gallon of cream per day in the three calendar months next preceding November 25, 1942, shall not be deemed a producer within the meaning of this order, until his deliveries of cream exceed one gallon per day in any calendar month.

(2) "Milk" means the liquid milk of cows.

(3) "Cream" is the class of foods defined by Federal Security Agency in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, §§ 18.500-18.515; 5 F.R. 2443. The term "cream" includes cream by whatever name known, including light cream, coffee cream, table cream, whipping cream, and heavy cream.

(4) "Milk fat content" shall be determined as prescribed by the Federal Security Agency in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, § 18.500; 5 F.R. 2443.

(b) *Restrictions on producers.* No producer may deliver cream having a milk fat content in excess of 19% except to another producer.

(c) *Exceptions.* Notwithstanding paragraph (b) hereof, in any state where by law or administrative regulation in force on November 25, 1942, the milk fat content of cream of minimum milk fat content is required to exceed 18%, a producer may deliver to any person cream having a milk fat content not exceeding by more than 1% the minimum so required by such state law or administrative regulation on November 25, 1942. In addition, a producer may deliver to or for any person or medical institution cream of such milk fat content and in such quantities as may be necessary for supervised medical treatment of the person or the institution's patients, provided the producer is supplied with a written statement from the person's physician, or, in the case of a medical institution, from a responsible official thereof, specifying the milk fat content and the daily quantity of cream required and certifying as to the necessity of such cream for supervised medical treatment.

(d) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed

from and stating fully the grounds for the appeal.

(e) *Reports.* Any person affected by this order shall file such reports and questionnaires as the War Production Board may request from time to time.

(f) *Records.* Every person to whom this order applies shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production and sales.

(g) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(h) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or accepting further deliveries of or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(i) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Food Division, Washington, D. C. Ref: M-259.

(j) *Applicability of priorities regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the priorities regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 9th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13523; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:04 p. m.]

PART 1052—KITCHEN, HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

[Amendment 1 to Supplementary Limitation
Order L-30-d]

MISCELLANEOUS COOKING UTENSILS AND OTHER ARTICLES

Paragraph (b) of Limitation Order, L-30-d (§ 1052.5) is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new subparagraph as follows:

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) (1), a manufacturer may produce during the period from December 21, 1942, to January 6, 1943 inclusive, fire place grates from scrap iron and steel provided that no such grate exceeds 30 pounds in weight.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125,

No. 248—3

7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2(a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 17th day of December, 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13519; Filed, December 17, 1942;
5:04 p. m.]

PART 1095—COMMUNICATIONS

[General Conservation Order L-148 as
Amended Dec. 18, 1942]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of certain types of wire communication equipment for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense.

§ 1095.4 *General Conservation Order L-148—(a) Definitions.* For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(2) "Manufacturer" means any person manufacturing wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto, of the kinds listed in Schedule A, to the extent that he is engaged in such manufacture, and shall include sales and distribution outlets controlled by said manufacturer.

(3) "Distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer regularly engaged in the business of leasing or selling wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto, to dealers.

(4) "Dealer" means any person (other than one engaged in rendering wire or radio communication service), regularly engaged in the business of offering wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto for sale or lease at retail to the consumer.

(5) "Wire communication equipment" shall include, but not by way of limitation, new and used wire telephone and telegraph communication equipment, parts and attachments thereto (including wire intercommunicating systems) of the kinds listed in Schedule A.

(b) *General restrictions.* (1) Regardless of the terms of any contract of sale, purchase, rental or other commitment, no manufacturer, distributor or dealer shall accept any purchase, rental or other order for wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto including, but not limited to, those included in Schedule A which is attached and made a part of this order, except a purchase, rental or other order bearing a preference rating of A-1-a or higher; and no manufacturer, distributor or dealer shall sell, lend, lease, rent, deliver or otherwise transfer any such wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto, nor shall any person receive or accept deliveries of any such equipment, parts or attachments thereto,

from a manufacturer, distributor or dealer except to fill a purchase, rental or other order bearing a preference rating of A-1-a or higher. *Provided, however, That this paragraph shall not prohibit the transfer or delivery of wire communication equipment to a manufacturer for repair or storage or the return of said equipment to the owner thereof after repair has been effected or storage terminated.*

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) (1), wire communication equipment, the order for which bears a preference rating of A-7 or higher and has been accepted by a manufacturer, distributor or dealer prior to January 2, 1943, may be manufactured and/or transferred and/or delivered.

(c) *Existing contracts.* Fulfillments of contracts in violation of this order is prohibited regardless of whether such contracts are entered into before or after September 28, 1942. No person shall be held liable for damages or penalties for default under any contract or order which shall result directly or indirectly from compliance with the terms of this order.

(d) *Applicability of priorities regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the priorities regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(e) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Communications Equipment Division, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-148.

(f) *Appeals.* Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him may appeal to the Director General for Operations, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reason he considers he is entitled to relief. The Director General for Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(g) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from process or use of, material under priority contract, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(h) *Reports.* All persons affected by this order shall execute and file such reports as the Director General for Operations shall from time to time require.

(P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 18th day of December 1942.

ERNEST KANZLER,
Director General for Operations.

SCHEDULE A¹

General categories of wire communication equipment, parts or attachments thereto, to the extent used for and/or in conjunction with wire communication, limited by General Conservation Order L-148.

1. Switchboards and switching systems including local telephone, central office, toll telephone, PBX telephone and telegraph.
2. Telephones including transmitters, receivers, dials, subscriber sets.
3. Relays, condensers, repeaters, coils, filters and carrier systems.
4. Testing apparatus.
5. Wire and strand.
6. Cable.
7. Cable terminals.
8. Pole line hardware.
9. Plugs, jacks, cords, keys.
10. Wire intercommunicating systems.
11. Varioplex, multiplex, facsimile and tetautograph equipment.
12. Teletypewriters, printing telegraph machines, tape perforating apparatus and accessories.
13. Appliances used for manual telegraph.
14. Time clocks, time switches, call boxes, signaling and selector equipment used for telephone and telegraph systems and/or used for wire protective alarm systems.
15. Motors, generators, storage batteries, rectifiers, transformers, power panels and associated equipment.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13529; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:25 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price
Administration

PART 1301—MACHINE TOOLS

[RPS 1,² Amendment 2]

SECOND-HAND MACHINE TOOLS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

In § 1301.3 paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (f) are amended, and in § 1301.7 paragraph 2 of "Explanatory Information" is amended, as set forth below:

§ 1301.3 *Definitions.* When used in Revised Price Schedule No. 1 the term:

(b) "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of purchasing for resale or of selling or negotiating the sale of second-hand machine tools, or extras, whether as a principal or as an agent or broker. Purchasing for resale includes the purchase of any second-hand machine tools or extras for resale after repairing or rebuilding.

(c) "Machine tool" includes all machines for cutting, abrading, shaping, and forming of metals.

(d) "Second-hand" refers to machine tools which have previously been used.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹As amended Dec. 18, 1942.

²7 F.R. 1202, 2132, 8996, 8948.

(f) "Rebuilt and guaranteed" applies only to a machine tool which (1) has been rebuilt or is in equivalent condition to a rebuilt machine tool and is invoiced as such (a rebuilt machine tool is one in which worn or missing parts have been replaced or reworked and which has been tested under power so as to prove that it has a substantially equivalent performance to that of the machine tool when new); (2) has been tested under power so as to prove that it has a substantially equivalent performance to that of a machine tool when new; (3) carries a binding written guaranty of satisfactory performance for a period of not less than 30 days from date of shipment; and (4) is expressly invoiced as a rebuilt machine tool or its equivalent.

In the event of a sale by a governmental agency, such agency may substitute for the guaranty a certification by a qualified person who is not engaged in the business of selling second-hand machine tools, and who is approved by the purchaser, that all worn or missing components have been replaced or reworked, that the machine tool has been tested under power, and that such test has indicated that it has a substantially equivalent performance to that of the machine tool when new.

§ 1301.7 *Appendix A: Maximum prices for second-hand machine tools.* * * *

Explanatory information

2. For definition of the term "rebuilt and guaranteed" see § 1301.3 (f).

§ 1301.6a *Effective dates of amendments.* * * *

(b) Amendment No. 2 (§ 1301.3 (b), (c), (d) and (f), and § 1301.7, paragraph 2) to Revised Price Schedule No. 1 shall become effective December 23, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421, 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13509; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:14 p. m.]

PART 1346—BUILDING MATERIALS

[Correction to Amendment 1¹ to MPR 272¹]

CAST-IRON BOILERS AND CAST-IRON
RADIATION

The date "October 11, 1942," appearing under the heading "Pierce Butler Radiator Corporation" in paragraph (e) (2) of § 1346.268 of Amendment No. 1 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 272 is corrected to read "October 11, 1941".

§ 1346.267a *Effective dates of amendments.* * * *

(b). Correction (§ 1346.268 (e) (2)) to Amendment No. 1 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 272 shall be effective as of November 28, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

¹7 F.R. 9972.

²7 F.R. 9486.

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13510; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:13 p. m.]

PART 1346—BUILDING MATERIALS

[Correction to MPR 276¹]

ASPHALT TILE

The following corrections are made to Table No. I, Appendix A, § 1346.315: In Color Group B-2, Asphalt Tile—Miscellaneous, in quantities of 2,500 sq. ft. up to a carload, the maximum price for 3/16" is corrected to read ".0860" instead of ".8600"; in Color Group A-2, Asphalt Tile—Miscellaneous, in quantities of 2,500 sq. ft. up to a carload, the maximum price for 1/4" is corrected to read ".0960" instead of ".9600"; and in Color Group C, Asphalt Tile—Miscellaneous, in quantities of a carload or over, the maximum price for 1/8" is corrected to read ".0650" instead of ".6500".

§ 1346.314a *Effective dates of amendments.* * * *

(b) Correction (§ 1346.315) to Maximum Price Regulation No. 276 shall be effective as of December 5, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13511; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:13 p. m.]

PART 1347—PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, RAW
MATERIALS FOR PAPER AND PAPER PROD-
UCTS

[MPR 187,² Amendment 2]

CERTAIN PAPERBOARD PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

The first sentence of the preamble is amended; paragraph (a) of § 1347.401 is amended, as set forth below:

In the judgment of the Price Administrator the prices of folding cartons, corrugated fibre sheets, corrugated fibre boxes, solid fibre sheets, solid fibre boxes, set-up boxes, pads, partitions and other paperboard products partially or completely manufactured on the same converting equipment, rectangular set-up and flat Pure-Pak milk bottles, and wedge shaped pails formed on a Brightwood or similar type machine, excluding liquid-tight containers, milk bottle caps, book matches and other commodities covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 129,³ bobbins, cans, canisters, cones,

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹7 F.R. 10009.

²7 F.R. 5780, 8948, 9323.

³7 F.R. 3178, 3242, 3482, 3554, 4176, 4669, 5712, 5780, 5943, 7974, 8939, 8948, 9131, 9724, 10152.

cores, ribbon blocks, roving cans, spindles, spools, tubes, cylindrical paperboard casings and cans and related hollow paperboard and paper commodities partially or completely manufactured on an open-end rotating mandrel, of whatever size, shape, grade and specifications and having one or two open ends and/or one or two plugged or closed ends, and regardless of end-use have risen to an extent and in a manner inconsistent with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

§ 1347.401 Prohibition against dealing in paperboard products above maximum prices.

(a) *Classifications.* This Maximum Price Regulation No. 187 shall apply to the following described products whether partially or completely manufactured:

(1) Folding cartons, corrugated fibre sheets, corrugated fibre boxes, solid fibre sheets, solid fibre boxes, set-up boxes, pads, partitions and other paperboard products manufactured on the same converting equipment, rectangular set-up and flat Pure-Pak milk bottles, and wedge shaped pails formed on a Brightwood or similar type machine, but excluding liquid-tight containers, milk bottle caps, book matches and other commodities covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 129.

(2) Bobbins, cans, canisters, cones, cores, ribbon blocks, roving cans, spindles, spools, tubes, cylindrical paperboard casings and cans and related hollow paperboard and paper commodities partially or completely manufactured on an open-end rotating mandrel, of whatever size, shape, grade and specifications and having one or two open ends and/or one or two plugged or closed ends, and regardless of end-use.

(i) The date July 30, 1942, mentioned in § 1347.401 (b) shall be December 17, 1942, as to these commodities.

(ii) The date July 29, 1942, mentioned in § 1347.402 shall be December 17, 1942, as to these commodities.

(iii) The date July 29, 1942, mentioned in § 1347.406 (b), (c) (2) and (d) shall be December 17, 1942, as to these commodities.

§ 1347.415 Effective dates of amendments.

(b) Amendment No. 2 (§ 1347.401 (a) (1), (2) (i), (ii) and (iii)) to Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 shall become effective December 23, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13512; Filed, December 17, 1942; 3:13 p.m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES
[MPR 165 as Amended,¹ Amendment 13]

SERVICES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amend-

ment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

In § 1499.101 two new subparagraphs, (62) and (63), are added to paragraph (c), as set forth below:

§ 1499.101 * * *

(c) * * *

(62) Bowling, and the rental, maintenance or repair of the equipment used therein (including but not limited to bowling alleys, balls, and pins); except that maximum prices for bowling shall be those determined by Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4;

(63) Billiards and pool, and the rental, maintenance or repair of the equipment used therein (including but not limited to billiard and pool tables, balls, and cues).

§ 1499.121a Effective dates of amendments.

(m) Amendment No. 13 (§ 1499.101 (c) (62) (63)) to Maximum Price Regulation No. 165 as amended shall become effective December 23, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13513; Filed, December 17, 1942; 3:14 p.m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[Supp. Service Reg. 4, MPR 165 as Amended¹]

BOWLING

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4 has been issued simultaneously herewith, and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.* For the reasons set forth in that statement and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended and Executive order No. 9250, Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4 is hereby issued.

§ 1499.654 Modification of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 165 as amended for bowling. (a) The maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 165 as amended are modified for bowling as hereinafter provided:

(1) *League bowling.* The maximum price for each price classification of league bowling shall be the highest price charged for each such price classification in September 1941 plus a total sum of 7¢ for three games of ten pins or plus a total sum of 10¢ for three games of duck pins, candle pins, and other types of bowling.

(2) *Open bowling.* The maximum price for each price classification of open bowling shall be the highest price charged for each such price classification in September 1941 plus the sum of 3¢ a game of ten pins or plus the sum

of 4¢ a game of duck pins, candle pins, and other types of bowling.

(b) When used in this Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4:

(1) "League bowling" means bowling done under contract between groups of bowlers and the bowling proprietors, by the terms of which the rates and conditions of bowling are set for the season.

(2) "Open bowling" mean all non-league bowling.

(3) "Each price classification of" league or open bowling means the price distinction customarily made for different persons (such as, but not limited to, members of the armed forces, men, women, children); for different times of the day (such as, but not limited to, mornings, afternoons, evenings); or for different days of the week (such as, but not limited to, week days, Saturdays, Sundays, holidays). The same relative price distinction for each price classification of bowling made in September 1941 must be retained.

(c) Lower prices than those established by this Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4 may at any time be charged, demanded, paid, or offered.

(d) Every bowling alley proprietor or other person operating a bowling establishment shall keep such records as are required by § 1499.103 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 165 as amended, except that the base period for which such records shall be kept under paragraphs (a) and (b) of that section shall be September 1941 instead of March 1942, but he need not file with his War Price and Rationing Board the statement required by § 1499.103.

(e) Within thirty days after the effective date of this Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4, every bowling alley proprietor or other person operating a bowling establishment shall post his maximum prices for league bowling and for open bowling as established under this Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4 in a manner plainly visible to, and understandable by, the patrons of his establishment. This posting shall be in the following form:

Prices charged for bowling are now subject to the services regulation (Maximum Price Regulation No. 165 as amended) of the Office of Price Administration. The maximum prices for each classification of bowling on and after December 23, 1942, may be no higher than the highest prices charged in September 1941 for a series of three games of league bowling plus 7¢ for ten pins or plus 10¢ for duck pins, candle pins, and other types of bowling; and may be no higher than the highest prices charged in September 1941 for one game of open bowling plus 3¢ per game for ten pins or plus 4¢ per game for duck pins, candle pins, and other types of bowling.

Our calling prices determined on the above basis are ———. (Indicate prices for each type and price classification of league and open bowling.)

(f) This Supplementary Service Regulation No. 4 (§ 1499.654) shall become effective December 23, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13502; Filed, December 17, 1942; 3:14 p.m.]

¹ 7 F.R. 6428, 6966, 8239, 8431, 8798, 8943, 8948, 9197, 9342, 9343, 9785, 9971, 9972.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES
[Order 178 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR]

LATEX FIBER INDUSTRIES, INC.

Latex Fiber Industries, Inc., of Beaver Falls, New York, made application under § 1499.3 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation for approval of a maximum price for its stitchdown wetting material made with synthetic resin. Due consideration has been given to the application and an opinion in support of this order has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register. For the reasons set forth in the opinion, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, and in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 issued by the Office of Price Administration, *It is ordered:*

§ 1499.1194 *Approval of a maximum price for sales by the Latex Fiber Industries Inc. of stitchdown wetting material made with synthetic resin.* (a) On and after December 18, 1942, the maximum price at which Latex Fiber Industries Inc., of Beaver Falls, New York may sell, deliver and offer for sale its stitchdown wetting material made with synthetic resin shall be \$.957 per 49" linear yard.

(b) The maximum price authorized by this Order No. 178 shall be subject to discounts, allowances and terms no less favorable than those in effect during March 1942 for sales by Latex Fiber Industries Inc., of its stitchdown wetting material made with latex rubber.

(c) The maximum price authorized by paragraph (a) of this Order No. 178 shall be subject to adjustment at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

(d) This Order No. 178 may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

(e) This Order No. 178 (§ 1499.1194) shall become effective December 18, 1942. (Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13507; Filed, December 17, 1942; 3:12 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES
[Order 182 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR]

L. FARBER COMPANY

L. Farber Company, 160 Fremont Street, Worcester, Massachusetts, made application under § 1499.3 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation for approval of a maximum price for its Paper Backed Leather Grain Sock Linings made with a cereal starch vegetable base cement. Due consideration has been given to the application and an opinion in support of this order has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register. For the reasons set forth in the opinion,

under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, and in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 issued by the Office of Price Administration, *It is ordered:*

§ 1499.1198 *Approval of a maximum price for sales by the L. Farber Company of paper backed leather grain sock linings made with a cereal starch vegetable base cement.* (a) On and after December 18, 1942, the maximum price at which L. Farber Company of 160 Fremont Street, Worcester, Massachusetts may sell, deliver and offer for sale its paper backed leather grain sock linings made with a cereal starch vegetable base cement shall be \$1.35 per hundred pair.

(b) The maximum price authorized by this Order 182 shall be subject to discounts, allowances and terms no less favorable than those in effect during March 1942 for sales by L. Farber Company of its paper backed leather grain sock linings made with rubber cement.

(c) The maximum price authorized by paragraph (a) of this Order No. 182 shall be subject to adjustment at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

(d) This Order No. 182 may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

(e) This Order No. 182 shall become effective December 18, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13508; Filed December 17, 1942; 3:12 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES
[Order 134 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR]

WILLIAM GOODACRE & SONS, LTD.

Order No. 134 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation—Docket No. GF3-1339.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, *It is ordered:*

§ 1499.1035 *Granting adjustment of maximum prices for sales of Numdah rugs by William Goodacre & Sons, Ltd.* (a) William Goodacre & Sons, Ltd., 295 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, may sell and deliver Numdah rugs imported from India at prices no higher than those hereinafter designated:

Approximate sizes (feet)	Maximum price
4 x 6-----	\$3.60
3 x 4-----	2.22
2 x 3-----	1.13

subject to the allowances, discounts and other price differentials in effect during March 1942.

(b) William Goodacre & Sons, Ltd. shall send to each customer, with each first delivery of Numdah rugs on which adjustment in maximum price has been made pursuant to this Order No. 134, a

complete list of adjusted maximum prices and a notice reading as follows:

The Office of Price Administration has granted William Goodacre & Sons, Ltd. permission, pursuant to Order No. 134 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation to increase its maximum prices to those specified in the price lists accompanying this order. Since these prices have only been increased to the level of competitive importers of this commodity, you will not be permitted to increase your maximum prices.

(c) This Order No. 134 may be revoked or amended by the Administrator at any time.

(d) This Order No. 134 (§ 1499.1035) is incorporated as a section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14 which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

(e) This Order No. 134 (§ 1499.1035) under section 18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall become effective December 18, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13503; Filed, December 17, 1942; 3:11 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES
[Order 135 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR]

H. E. WHITAKER CO.

Order No. 135 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation—Docket Number GF3-1951.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, *It is ordered:*

§ 1499.1036 *Adjustment of maximum price for 6 ounce jars of "Parfait" processed and ground horse-radish, manufactured by H. E. Whitaker Co., 1025 East Montgomery Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.* (a) H. E. Whitaker Co., of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, may sell and deliver and any person may buy and receive from H. E. Whitaker Co., 6 ounce jars of "Parfait" processed and ground horse-radish at prices no higher than 75 cents per dozen jars.

(b) H. E. Whitaker Co. shall not change its customary allowances, discounts or other price differentials, unless such change shall result in a lower selling price.

(c) H. E. Whitaker Co., before or at the time of making each initial sale after the effective date of this order to a purchaser of 6 ounce jars of "Parfait" processed and ground horse-radish, shall notify such purchaser in writing as follows:

The Office of Price Administration has permitted us to raise our maximum selling price for sales to you of 6 ounce jars of "Parfait" processed and ground horse-radish from 73 cents to 75 cents per dozen jars. This amount represents only that part of cost increases which we are unable to absorb, and it was granted with the understanding that the wholesale and retail prices would not be raised.

The Office of Price Administration has not permitted you or any other seller to raise his maximum price for sales of 6 ounce jars of "Farfall" processed and ground horse-radish purchased from us. O.P.A. requires that you keep this notice for examination.

(d) All prayers of the application not granted herein are denied.

(e) This Order No. 135 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This Order No. 135 (§ 1499.1036) is hereby incorporated as a section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

(g) This Order No. 135 (§ 1499.1036) shall become effective December 18, 1942. (Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13504; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:12 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[Order 136 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR]

G. B. RAFFETTO, INC.

Order No. 136 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation—Docket Number GF3-2552.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is ordered:

§ 1499.1037 *Adjustment of maximum price for No. 10 glass containers of confectioners pineapple cubes sold by G. B. Raffetto, Inc., 44 Hubert Street, New York, New York.* (a) G. B. Raffetto, Inc., 44 Hubert Street, New York, New York may sell and deliver and any person may buy and receive from G. B. Raffetto, Inc., No. 10 glass containers of confectioners pineapple cubes at prices no higher than \$2.72 per No. 10 glass container, f. o. b. shipping point.

(b) G. B. Raffetto, Inc., shall not change its customary allowances, discounts or other price differentials, unless such change shall result in a lower selling price.

(c) G. B. Raffetto, Inc., before or at the time of making each initial sale after the effective date of this order to a purchaser of No. 10 glass containers of confectioners pineapple cubes, shall notify such purchaser in writing as follows:

The Office of Price Administration has permitted us to raise our maximum selling price for sales to you of No. 10 glass containers of confectioners pineapple cubes from \$1.80 to \$2.72 per No. 10 glass container, f. o. b. shipping point. This amount represents only that part of cost increases which we are unable to absorb, and it was granted with the understanding that the wholesale and retail prices would not be raised. The Office of Price Administration has not permitted you or any other seller to raise his maximum price for sales of No. 10 glass containers of confectioners pineapple cubes purchased from us. O.P.A. requires that you keep this notice for examination.

(d) All prayers of the application not granted herein are denied.

(e) This Order No. 136 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This Order No. 136 (§ 1499.1037) is hereby incorporated as a section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

(g) This Order No. 136 (§ 1499.1037) shall become effective December 18, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729; 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13505; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:12 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[Order 137 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR]

HAFLEIGH AND COMPANY

Order No. 137 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation—Docket No. GF3-2148.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, and in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 issued by the Office of Price Administration, it is hereby ordered:

§ 1499.1038 *Adjustment of maximum prices for bone button scrap sold by Hafleigh and Company.* (a) Hafleigh and Company, Buchanan, Virginia, may sell and deliver and agree, offer, solicit and attempt to sell and deliver bone button scrap, and any person may buy and receive from Hafleigh and Company such bone button scrap at a price not in excess of \$64 per ton f. o. b. Buchanan, Virginia.

(b) Hafleigh and Company shall mail or cause to be mailed to all persons who purchase bone button scrap from it for resale a notice reading as follows:

The Office of Price Administration by Order No. 137 effective December 18, 1942, pursuant to § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended, has permitted us to raise our maximum price for sales to you of bone button scrap from \$60 per ton to \$64 per ton.

This amount represents only that part of cost increases which we were unable to absorb and it was granted with the understanding that prices of products containing bone button scrap would not be raised. The Office of Price Administration has not permitted you or any other seller to raise maximum prices for sales of products containing bone button scrap. In order that we may continue to provide you with bone button scrap it will be necessary for you to accept this reduction in your margin.

(c) All prayers of the petition not granted herein are denied.

(d) This Order No. 137 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(e) This Order No. 137 (§ 1499.1038) is hereby incorporated as a section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

(f) This Order No. 137 (§ 1499.1038) shall become effective December 18, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13506; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:11 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Restriction Order 1, Amendment 8]

MEAT RESTRICTION

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Paragraph (b) of § 1407.906 is revoked and paragraph (c) of that section is redesignated paragraph (b); a sentence is added at the end of § 1407.909 (a); a new paragraph (h) is added to § 1407.925 to read as set forth below:

§ 1407.909 *Deliveries of cutter and canner grades of beef further restricted.*

(a) During Quota Period 1, a slaughterer may, however, deliver such beef to the extent of his inventory thereof as of October 1, 1942, free from the restrictions of this paragraph.

§ 1407.925 *Effective dates of amendments.*

(h) Amendment No. 8 (§§ 1407.906 (b), (c), 1407.909 (a), and 1407.925 (h)) to Restriction Order No. 1 shall become effective as of December 17, 1942.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, Supp. Dir. No. 1-M, 7 F.R. 562, 7234)

Issued this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13515; Filed, December 17, 1942;
4:42 p. m.]

Chapter XIII—Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War

[Petroleum Directive 59, Amended]

PART 1510—SUPPLY

To all persons engaged in the petroleum industry in Districts One, Two, and Three, and to all petroleum industry committees hereinafter referred to:

Pursuant to the President's letter of May 28, 1941, establishing the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, §§1510.27 to 1510.35 of this Chapter (Petroleum Directive No. 59, dated September 25, 1942) are hereby amended to read as follows:

AUTHORITY: §§ 1510.27 to 1510.35, inclusive, issued under the authority contained in the President's letter of May 23, 1941, to the Secretary of the Interior (6 F.R. 2769).

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

*7 F.R. 7839, 9217, 9324, 9247, 9250, 9639, 10259.

*7 F.R. 7769.

§ 1510.27 *Definitions.* (a) "Principal petroleum product" means any motor fuel (other than war products as may now or hereafter be specified by the Director of Refining), kerosene (including range oil and stove oil), distillate fuel oil (including gas oils), or residual fuel oil.

(b) "Original supplier" means any person who, at the date of the issuance of this Directive and during the calendar year 1941, produced or manufactured any principal petroleum product or products in District One or imported from any point outside District One any petroleum or principal petroleum products into District One for sale or resale therein, or any person who, in 1941, regularly purchased for resale supplies of petroleum or principal petroleum products in District One by tanker and received such petroleum or principal petroleum products in ocean terminals owned or controlled by him, such terminals having adequate facilities to accommodate the berthing and unloading of tankers delivering petroleum or principal petroleum products. In the event a person is engaged in business, part of which is included in the definition of an "intermediate supplier", then he shall be considered as an original supplier only as to that portion of his business coming within this definition, and he shall be considered an intermediate supplier as to that portion of his business coming within such definition.

(c) "Intermediate supplier" means any person who regularly received principal petroleum products in District One from any original supplier or other intermediate supplier for redelivery to others: *Provided, however,* That the term shall not include a service station, peddler, or other retail outlet, or a transporter of petroleum or principal petroleum products to the extent that he is engaged merely in such transportation for others.

(d) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporations or agencies, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

§ 1510.28 *Petroleum supply program.* The Director of Petroleum Supply, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, shall prepare and forward to the General Committees of Districts One, Two, and Three, statements showing the petroleum supply forecasts for Districts One, Two, and Three, the quantities of crude petroleum required for refining within each district and for movement between districts, the quantities of the principal petroleum products to be manufactured within each district, and the specific inter-district movements. The appropriate committee or subcommittee in Districts Two and Three, as designated by the general committees for Districts Two and Three, shall prepare and submit in quadruplicate to the said Director a suggested monthly schedule for the succeeding month showing the points of origin of the supplies available for shipment from Districts Two and Three which will permit maximum efficient use of transportation facilities. These schedules shall give the name of the suppliers, the quantity available at each point of origin, a general description of

the quality, including, in case of heavy fuel oil, sulphur content, of the products available for shipment, and such other information as may from time to time be specified by the Director of Petroleum Supply. Such committees or subcommittees shall, subject to the direction of the Director of Petroleum Supply of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War or such district director as he may designate, arrange for purchases, sales, exchanges, or loans of the principal petroleum products and for the common use of facilities among those engaged in the petroleum industry in the area over which such committee has jurisdiction so as to provide, so far as possible, for the concentration of supplies of principal petroleum products at points which will permit the maximum efficient use of available transportation facilities. The Director of Refining, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, shall furnish to the Director of Petroleum Supply, a monthly program for the succeeding month assigning among the several refineries in District One the crude petroleum to be shipped into District One and showing the monthly quantity and the quality of the principal petroleum products to be manufactured at each refinery in District One during such month and a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the appropriate committees or subcommittees and to the persons named therein.

§ 1510.29 *Supply and distribution program for District One.* The Subcommittee of Supplies and Distribution for District One, subject to the supervision of the General Committee for District One, shall prepare and submit in quadruplicate to the Director of Petroleum Supply:

(a) A suggested schedule showing the sales position of each original supplier in each of the six zones described in Exhibit "A" hereof and for all of District One for each of the principal petroleum products. The determination shall be based on sales made during the calendar year 1941, and shall be expressed as a percentage of the total sales of each of such products made by all original suppliers in the same areas and for the same period. In order to avoid duplication in the determination of the sales position of any person, sales and deliveries made by one original supplier to another original supplier shall be included as sales of the receiving supplier and deducted from the sales made by the delivering supplier. In order to reflect true zone sales positions in the preparation of such schedules, adjustments shall be made for sales made in one zone for shipment to another zone and for any discontinuance of business, in whole or in part, in any zone since January 1, 1942.

(b) A suggested schedule of terminal and storage facilities (hereinafter referred to as "Supply terminals") which are so equipped as to receive any principal petroleum product or products in the most efficient manner and so located as to permit an efficient use of transportation equipment and to permit their use for redistribution either directly to customers or to bulk plants. With respect to each such supply terminal, such schedules shall show the location, name of railroad on which located, storage capacity for each principal petroleum product, the

daily loading and unloading capacity for each method of transportation, the area to be served thereby, and the original suppliers operating in such area. Upon issuance of such schedules in accordance with § 1510.34, the supply terminals specified therein shall be used for principal petroleum products imported into the area served by such supply terminal in accordance with issued schedules. Each person using such supply terminals may distribute directly therefrom to his customers or may move the products directly to his own bulk plant, unless the Director of Transportation of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War or such District Director as he may designate finds that such action interferes with the operation of the supply terminal or will result in an inefficient use of transportation equipment available for importing petroleum products into District One. For the purpose of this directive, refineries receiving crude oil shall be deemed supply terminals with respect to the principal petroleum products produced at such refineries.

(c) A suggested schedule of thruput rates for receiving, handling and delivery of principal petroleum products in or through the supply terminals. Upon issuance of such schedule in accordance with § 1510.34, the rates specified therein shall be charged for all principal petroleum products put through such supply terminals.

(d) Suggested monthly schedules showing the sources of the principal petroleum products as designated pursuant to § 1510.28, for shipment to each supply terminal in each zone, selected under § 1510.29 (b) and assigning to original suppliers of each zone the duty of importing such products from such sources to such terminals or storage facilities. The amounts so assigned to any original supplier for importation into District One shall, so far as is practicable, be approximately equivalent to the sales position of such original supplier as determined pursuant to § 1510.29 (a) hereof. Principal petroleum products to be produced from crude oil imported into District One shall be deemed, for the purposes of this directive, to be products imported into District One by the importer of such crude oil. These schedules shall be so prepared as to cause the accumulation and through routing of trainload lots (unless an exception is granted by the Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, or such District Director or Directors as he may designate), the efficient use of transportation facilities, and the importation into each zone of District One of the amounts of principal petroleum products determined by the Director of Petroleum Supply of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War to be required to meet the requirements of each zone for such month. In determining such requirements the said Director shall give due consideration to current requirements of consumers in the zone as restricted by any applicable rationing or limitation order and to deliveries required to build up stocks to meet future seasonal requirements or to build up stocks at those points supplied by

transportation which may be affected by weather conditions or other transportation difficulties. In specifying destinations and making assignments hereunder, arrangements shall be made so as to avoid, so far as practicable, (1) shipment by tank car of any principal petroleum product into refining areas or into areas served by pipe line, barge, and tanker terminals except where the total principal petroleum products available to such area are insufficient to meet the requirements thereof; and (2) shipments out of such areas of any principal petroleum products except to the extent that there is an excess of production and receipts of such principal petroleum products within such area over the requirements of such area. Upon the issuance of such schedules in accordance with § 1510.34, each original supplier shall immediately arrange for the placing of orders with refiners in Districts Two and Three for movement of such products in accordance with such schedules and with the terms of this directive. Notices of all orders placed under this section and all other orders contemplating the shipment of crude petroleum or principal petroleum products into District One made by any person, whether an original supplier or not, shall be filed with the Subcommittee of Supplies and Distribution and the Transportation Committee in District One. The subcommittee shall thereupon prepare a summary of such orders in relation to the obligations to be performed hereunder and forward three copies thereof to the Director in Charge, District One, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War.

(e) Subject to the supervision of the District Director of Marketing, District One, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, the subcommittee shall arrange for purchases, sales, exchanges, and loans of the principal petroleum products among the original suppliers so as to provide each such original supplier with a proportionate part of each of the principal petroleum products available for distribution in each zone on the basis of the sales position of each such original supplier as determined under § 1510.29 (a) hereof. The terms and conditions of any sale, loan, or exchange to be made pursuant to this section shall be negotiated between the individual parties to any such transaction: *Provided, however, That:*

(1) If delivery under the sale is made in Zones One, Two, Three, Four, or Five, District One, the price agreed upon by the parties shall not exceed the applicable maximum price regulation, as amended or supplemented, or other order of the Price Administrator, or the sum of the following items, whichever is lower:

(i) The value of the product at the normal origin as provided in section (5) (b) (ii) of Petroleum Compensatory Adjustments Regulation No. 1, issued by Defense Supplies Corporation.

(ii) The cost of transporting the product from the normal origin by the normal method of transportation which was used during the calendar year 1941 to the supply terminal as determined by Petroleum Compensatory Adjustments

Regulation No. 1, except that if, at any supply terminal designated on the schedule referred to in § 1510.29 (b), such normal cost differs as between original suppliers, then the Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, may establish the cost of that normal method of transportation by which the greatest volume of the particular product normally moved to the supply terminal. In such event, such cost shall be used by all original suppliers using said terminal.

(iii) Reasonable storage and handling charges incurred by the seller within District One for which no recovery may be had under Petroleum Compensatory Adjustments Regulation No. 1: *Provided, however, That* such charges shall not exceed the thruput rates which may be established and approved pursuant to § 1510.29 (c) for each supply terminal.

(iv) Cost of any additional transportation from the supply terminal to the point at which delivery is made by the seller to the buyer, for which no recovery may be had under Petroleum Compensatory Adjustments Regulation No. 1.

(v) The amounts or revenue resulting from any increase in the maximum price of the product sold which must be accounted for under the Plan for Equitable Sharing of Revenue and Extra Transportation Expenses approved under Recommendation No. 12, or under Petroleum Compensatory Adjustment Regulation No. 1 issued by Defense Supplies Corporation.

(vi) Any and all taxes which the seller is required to pay with respect to the transportation, sale or delivery of the principal petroleum product so sold.

(2) If delivery be made in Zone 6, District One, the price agreed upon by the parties shall allow for a reasonable margin below the prices generally prevailing for sales to other classes of resellers. Such price shall not exceed, however, the applicable maximum price regulation as amended or supplemented, or other order of the Price Administrator.

In the event the individuals are unable to agree upon a fair and reasonable price hereunder, then any such dispute shall be referred to the Director of Petroleum Supply, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, for such action as he may direct.

(3) Sales between original suppliers made in accordance with the price provisions set forth in § 1510.29 hereof and which are arranged for by the Subcommittee of Supplies and Distribution under this section, shall not be deemed to effect any discrimination against any buyer (including any original supplier) to whom any sale not arranged for under this section is made at any higher price permitted under any applicable price regulation.

§ 1510.30 *Use of transportation facilities.* (a) The Transportation Committee for District One shall prepare a weekly statement showing, for the preceding calendar week, the type of transportation facilities used, the names of the persons using such facilities, the volume and kind of crude oil or petroleum prod-

uct delivered into each zone of District One by each person, and such other information as may be pertinent. Copies of such statement shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, or such District Director or Directors as he may designate. The type of information to be contained in such weekly statement may be varied from time to time at the request of such Director. The Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, or such District Director or Directors as he may designate shall, from time to time, direct that such adjustments be made among the original suppliers in District One of the use of transportation facilities available for transporting petroleum or petroleum products into District One as, in his opinion, are necessary to provide, in the order of statement (1) the moving of sufficient supplies for the maximum production of war products with minimum crude runs; (2) the moving of the additional crude petroleum and principal petroleum products assigned to each original supplier in accordance with issued schedules described in § 1510.29 (d); (3) the most efficient use of such equipment. In making such adjustments consideration shall first be given to the quantity of crude petroleum and principal petroleum products to be received during the subsequent calendar month by each original supplier by tanker, pipe line, barge, or any form of transportation other than tank car, and, so far as possible, any original supplier's deficit of carrying capacity shall be made up by the assignment of tank cars.

(b) The Transportation Committee shall review currently the use of all transportation and terminal facilities available to District One to determine whether maximum efficient use (including the return of empty tank cars in trainload lots) is being attained and in that connection to make recommendations to the Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, for any necessary action.

(c) The Director of Transportation, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, may, from time to time, where he finds such action is necessary in the public interests, arrange for the specific use of any transportation facility without regard to the provisions of any schedule issued in accordance with § 1510.34 hereof.

§ 1510.31 *Minimum specifications.* The Director of Refining of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War shall establish, from time to time, minimum specifications for each of the principal petroleum products. All principal petroleum products imported into or produced in District One shall meet these specifications and any person in District One shall accept products conforming to such minimum specifications for all deliveries required under this Directive. There shall be no discrimination as to quality of products between original suppliers using any single terminal or storage facility.

§ 1510.32 *Surveys and investigations.* The several committees and subcommit-

tees designated in §§ 1510.28 to 1510.30, inclusive, shall make such surveys and investigations and shall obtain and analyze such facts, figures, and other data as may be necessary or appropriate in connection with the performance of the functions and duties with which such committees and subcommittees are charged: *Provided*, That wherever available, such facts, figures, and other data shall be obtained from other appropriate committees or subcommittees rather than by new surveys or investigations.

§ 1510.33 *Administration*. All schedules or suggested schedules shall be prepared and submitted on or prior to the date or dates the Director of Supplies, Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War, may from time to time establish. In carrying out the duties, responsibilities, and functions under this directive, the committees and subcommittees mentioned and persons directly affected shall hold meetings and shall consult with other committees and subcommittees to the extent that proposals or activities hereunder may affect such other committees and subcommittees and to this end all such persons, committees, and subcommittees shall supply the committees or subcommittees charged with the responsibility of carrying any part of this directive into effect with such information, material, and assistance as may be necessary and desirable to accomplish the purposes and intent of this directive. Such committees and subcommittees shall maintain such staff and appoint such persons as may be necessary to carry out their responsibilities, duties, and functions under this directive. Operating expenses of such committees and subcommittees shall be met as provided in § 1500.7 (j) of this chapter.

§ 1510.34 *Effectuation of schedules*. All suggested schedules required to be submitted hereunder shall, after such modification or revision as the Director to whom submitted shall determine to be necessary to accomplish the objectives of this directive, be transmitted to the Chief Counsel of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War. No schedule provided for by §§ 1510.28 to 1510.30, inclusive, shall become effective until it has been approved by the Chief Counsel of the Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War and issued by the Petroleum Coordinator for War or the Deputy Petroleum Coordinator. Upon the approval of any such schedule by the Chief Counsel and the issuance of such schedule by the Petroleum Coordinator for War or the Deputy Petroleum Coordinator, copies thereof shall be forwarded to the appropriate committees and subcommittees and to all persons named therein and all committees, subcommittees, and persons, natural or artificial, who may be affected by such schedule, shall carry into effect such schedule according to its terms, conditions, and intent. Should any person refuse to comply with the provisions of this directive or of any issued schedule, this fact shall be immediately reported by the appropriate committee to the Director in Charge of the District Office of Petro-

leum Coordinator for War in whose District the refusal or failure to comply occurred.

§ 1510.35 *Appeals*. Any person, natural or artificial, affected by this directive or by any schedule provided for hereunder, who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, may appeal to the District Director in Charge of the District Office of Petroleum Coordinator for War for the District in which the action complained of would be performed, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why he considers himself entitled to relief, who shall act promptly upon such appeal and render a decision thereon within a period of 15 days. If dissatisfied with the decision of the District Director in Charge, such Person may appeal within 15 days after receipt of notice of the District Director's decision to the Deputy Petroleum Coordinator for War or such representative as he may designate.

RALPH K. DAVIES,
Deputy Petroleum
Coordinator for War.

DECEMBER 12, 1942.

EXHIBIT A

The six zones of District One are as follows:

Zone 1. The States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island.

Zone 2. The entire eastern part of the State of New York up to and including the Counties of Cayuga, Tompkins, and Chemung; the entire eastern part of the State of Pennsylvania up to and including the Counties of Bradford, Sullivan, Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Dauphin, and York; and the States of New Jersey and Delaware.

Zone 3. The States of Maryland and Virginia and the District of Columbia.

Zone 4. The States of North Carolina and South Carolina.

Zone 5. The States of Georgia and Florida.

Zone 6. That part of the States of New York and Pennsylvania not included in Zone 2, and the State of West Virginia.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13552; Filed, December 18, 1942; 12:03 p. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Bituminous Coal Division.

[Docket No. A-1742]

LUZERNE-GRAHAM MINING CORPORATION

MEMORANDUM OPINION, ETC.

In the matter of the petition of Luzerne-Graham Mining Corporation, a code member in District No. 9, to amend Rule 1 (J) of section VII of the Marketing Rules and Regulations.

Memorandum opinion and order denying temporary relief and notice of and order for hearing.

A petition in the above-entitled matter having been duly filed by Luzerne-Graham Mining Corporation, a code member in District No. 9, with the Division on November 16, 1942, pursuant to section 4

II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, requesting that Rule 1 (J) of section VII of the Marketing Rules and Regulations be amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof the following:

"Reconsignment, diversion, and/or demurrage charges shall not be considered transportation charges within the meaning of 'this section'; and that pending final disposition of this request, a temporary order be issued granting such relief; and

No reasonable showing of necessity having been presented for the granting of temporary relief herein without a hearing; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; and

The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the request for temporary relief be, and the same hereby is, denied without prejudice to the renewal of such request for temporary relief, upon further showing or upon the basis of the record to be made at the hearing to be held herein.

It is further ordered, That a hearing in the above-entitled matter under the applicable provisions of said Act and the rules of the Division be held on January 14, 1943, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division, 734 Fifteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. On such day the Chief of the Records Section in Room 502 will advise as to the room where such hearing will be held.

It is further ordered, That Travis Williams or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officers so designated to preside at such hearing are hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions, and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to all parties herein and to persons or entities having an interest in this proceeding and eligible to become a party herein. Any person desiring to be admitted as a party to this proceeding may file a petition of intervention in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bituminous Coal Division for proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Act, setting forth the facts on the basis of which the relief in the original petition is supported or opposed or on the basis of which other relief is sought. Such petitions of intervention shall be filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on or before January 9, 1943.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above-entitled matter and any orders entered therein, may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged in the petition, other matters necessarily incidental and re-

lated thereto, which may be raised by amendment to the petition, petitions of intervention or otherwise, or which may be necessary corollaries to the relief, if any, granted on the basis of the original petition.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to a petition filed by the Luzerne-Graham Mining Corporation, a code member in District No. 9, requesting that Rule 1 (J) of section VII of the Marketing Rules and Regulations Incidental to the Sale and Distribution of Coal by Code Members Within All Districts be amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof, the following:

Reconsignment, diversion, and/or demurrage charges shall not be considered transportation charges within the meaning of this section.

Dated: December 17, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13550; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-1734]

CENTRAL STATE COLLIERIES, INC.

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

In the matter of the petition of Central State Collieries, Inc., for the establishment of minimum prices for F. A. S. shipments to certain retail dealers in Chicago.

A petition, pursuant to the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this Division by the above-named party;

It is ordered, That a hearing in the above-entitled matter under the applicable provisions of said Act and the rules of the Division be held on January 27, 1943, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division, 734 Fifteenth Street, N.W., Washington, D. C. On such day the Chief of the Records Section in room 502 will advise as to the room where such hearing will be held.

It is further ordered, That Travis Williams or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officers so designated to preside at such hearing are hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to all parties herein and to persons or entities having an interest in this proceeding and eligible to become a party herein. Any person desiring to be admitted as a party to this proceeding may file a petition of intervention in accordance with the rules and regulations of

the Bituminous Coal Division for proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Act, setting forth the facts on the basis of which the relief in the original petition is supported or opposed or on the basis of which other relief is sought. Such petitions of intervention shall be filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on or before January 22, 1943.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above-entitled matter and any orders entered therein, may concern, in addition to the matter specifically alleged in the petition, other matters necessarily incidental and related thereto, which may be raised by amendment to the petition, petitions of intervention or otherwise, or which may be necessary corollaries to the relief, if any, granted on the basis of this petition.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to the petition of Central State Collieries, Inc., a code member, operating the Little Sister Mine, Mine Index No. 87, District No. 10, to amend the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 10 For All Shipments Except Truck by adding to "Special Cases (d)" on page 53 thereof the following provision:

Central State Collieries, Inc. [Little Sister Mine (Mine Index No. 87)] may sell coal for barge delivery free alongside at the minimum f. o. b. mine prices for free alongside delivery when shipped from the mine and reloaded into barges on the Illinois River for transshipment on the Illinois River to South Chicago Coal & Dock Company, Chicago Waterways Fuel Company, Silver Creek Coal Company, Riverdale Coal & Dock Company, Consumers Coal Company of Illinois, and Holland Coal Company, retail coal dealers, for resale at retail by such dealers located within the switching limits of the City of Chicago, Illinois.

Dated: December 17, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13549; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Rural Electrification Administration.

[Administrative Order No. 735]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

PROJECTS IN NEBRASKA, OREGON AND SOUTH DAKOTA

NOVEMBER 27, 1942.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 4 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, I hereby allocate, from the sums authorized by said Act, funds for loans for the projects and in the amounts as set forth in the following schedule:

Project Designation:	Amount
Nebraska 3-1051D4 Burt District	
Public.....	\$30,000
Oregon 3-1014D1 Umatilla.....	20,000
South Dakota 3-1016A2 Grant.....	17,000

[SEAL] HARRY SLATTERY,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13501; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:23 p. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Wage and Hour Division.

LADIES' HANDBAG INDUSTRY, ET AL.

NOTICE OF DENIAL OF APPLICATION

Notice of denial of application by the national authority for the Ladies' Handbag Industry, and sundry other parties, to employ learners in the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry at wages lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

Whereas applications were received from the National Authority for the Ladies' Handbag Industry, and sundry other parties, to employ learners in the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry at wages lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, and

Whereas pursuant to Part 522, § 522.4, Title 29, Chapter V, Code of Federal Regulations, a public hearing was held on August 3, 1942, before Merle D. Vincent, duly authorized as presiding officer to conduct said hearing, to take testimony for the purpose of determining:

(a) What, if any, occupation, or occupations in the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry require a learning period, and if any occupation is found to require a learning period;

(b) The factors which may have a bearing upon curtailment of opportunities for employment within the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry; and

(c) Under what limitation as to wages, time, number, proportion, and length of service, special certificates may be issued for the employment of learners in the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry, and

Whereas the presiding officer has filed with me a complete record of the proceeding together with his findings of fact and recommendation thereon that it is not necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment to provide for the employment of learners at subminimum wages in any occupation in any branch of the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the applications are denied and that there is no need at this time for the issuance of regulations providing for the employment of learners at wage rates less than the applicable minimum in the Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry.

As used in this notice, the term "Luggage, Leather Goods and Women's Handbag Industry" is defined as follows:

(a) The manufacture from any material of luggage including but not by way of limitation, trunks, suit cases, traveling bags, brief cases, sample cases; the manufacture of instrument cases covered with leather, imitation leather, or fabric including, but not by way of limitation,

portable radio cases; the manufacture of small leather goods and like articles from any material except metal; the manufacture of women's, misses', and children's handbags, pocketbooks, purses, and mesh bags from any material except metal; but not the manufacture of bodies, panels, and frames from metal, wood, fibre, or paperboard for any of the above articles.

(b) The manufacture from leather, imitation leather, or fabric of cut stock and parts for any of the articles covered in paragraph (a).

The definition of the Luggage, Leather Goods, and Women's Handbag Industry covers all occupations in the industry which are necessary to the production of the articles within the definition, including clerical, maintenance, shipping and selling occupations: *Provided, however*, That this definition does not include employees of an independent wholesaler or employees of a manufacturer who are engaged exclusively in marketing and distributing products of the industry which have been purchased for resale.

Signed at New York, New York, this 16th day of December 1942.

L. METCALFE WALLING,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13548; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:50 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

[Docket No. 6469]

PRESQUE ISLE BROADCASTING COMPANY

NOTICE OF HEARING

In re application of Presque Isle Broadcasting Company (WERC), dated June 29, 1942, for modification of license; class of service, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; location, Erie, Pennsylvania; operating assignment specified: Frequency, 1330 kc.; power, 100 w. night; 250 w. day; hours of operation, unlimited time.

You are hereby notified that the Commission has examined the above-described application and has designated the matter for hearing for the following reasons:

1. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice, particularly in view of the expected nighttime interference limitation to the service of Station WERC operating as proposed.

2. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain primary service from Station WERC operating as proposed, and what other broadcast service is available to those areas and populations.

3. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to lose primary service from Station WERC operating as proposed, and what other broadcast service is available to those areas and populations.

4. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent

with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice and proper allocation of broadcast facilities (footnote 4, page 3, Standards of Good Engineering Practice).

5. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the policy announced by the Commission in its Memorandum Opinion of April 27, 1942, and as modified on September 22, 1942.

6. To determine whether, in view of the facts adduced under the foregoing issues, the granting of this application would serve public interest, convenience and necessity.

The application involved herein will not be granted by the Commission unless the issues listed above are determined in favor of the applicant on the basis of a record duly and properly made by means of a formal hearing.

The applicant is hereby given the opportunity to obtain a hearing on such issues by filing a written appearance in accordance with the provisions of § 1.382 (b) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

Persons other than the applicant who desire to be heard must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the provisions of § 1.102 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

The applicant's address is as follows: Presque Isle Broadcasting Company, Radio Station WERC, 121 West Tenth Street, Erie, Pennsylvania.

Dated at Washington, D. C., December 14, 1942.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13526; Filed, December 18, 1942;
10:12 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Project 1887]

COOPERATIVE SERVICE ASSOCIATION

ORDER CONTINUING DATE OF HEARING

DECEMBER 15, 1942.

A public hearing having been set for January 4, 1943, on the application of Cooperative Service Association of Meredith, New Hampshire, for preliminary permit for a proposed hydroelectric development to be installed at the Franklin Falls flood control dam on the Pemigewasset River in Merrimack County, New Hampshire, and it appearing desirable, in order to comply with the directive of the Director of Defense Transportation to avoid travel during the holiday season, to again postpone said hearing;

Upon the Commission's own motion, It is ordered, That:

Said hearing be postponed to February 1, 1943, beginning at 9:45 a. m. (EWT) in Room 305, Federal Building, Concord, New Hampshire.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13500; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:31 p. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 259]

ALL OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF SEAMLESS STEEL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All of the capital stock of Seamless Steel Equipment Corporation, a New York Corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 500 shares of \$100 par value common capital stock, which shares are registered in the name of Cornelis Llovenso and are held for the benefit of Press und Walzwerk, A. G., Dusseldorf, Germany, and Bank voor Handel en Scheepvaart, N. V., Rotterdam, The Netherlands, which bank is owned or controlled by members of the Thyssen family, nationals of Germany and/or Hungary,

is property of nationals, and represents ownership of said business enterprise which is a national, of a designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary) and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 28, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13530; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:33 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 260]

DR. OELTMANN STUDIOS, INC.

All of the capital stock of Dr. Oldtmann Studios, Inc., and certain indebtedness owing by it

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

(a) That the property described as follows:

All of the capital stock of Dr. Oldtmann Studios, Inc., a New York corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 300 shares of \$100 par value common stock, which shares are registered in the name of Joseph L. Koenig, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Westphalia, Germany,

is property of, and represents ownership of said business enterprise which is, a national of a designated enemy country (Germany); and

(b) That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of Herbert Gotzes, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Krefeld, Germany, in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to him by said Dr. Oldtmann Studios, Inc., including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any or all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness,

is an interest in the aforesaid business enterprise held by a national of an enemy country, and also is property within the United States owned by a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid enemy country (Germany), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any

claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 28, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13531; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:34 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 201]

ALL OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF HOLLAND-AMERICAN TRADING CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All of the capital stock of Holland-American Trading Corporation, a New York corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 500 shares of \$100 par value common stock, the names of the registered owners of which, and the number of shares owned by them respectively, are as follows:

Name:	Number of shares
E. Roland Harriman.....	491
C. Lievense.....	4
H. D. Pennington.....	1
Ray Morris.....	1
Knight Woolley.....	1
H. J. Kouwenhoven.....	1
J. G. Groeninger.....	1
Total.....	500

all of which shares are held for the benefit of Bank voor Handel en Scheepvaart, N. V., Rotterdam, The Netherlands, which bank is owned or controlled by members of the Thyssen family, nationals of Germany and/or Hungary,

is property of nationals, and represents ownership of said business enterprise which is a national, of a designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary), and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 28, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13532; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:34 a. m.]

[Vesting Order Number 276]

ALL OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF ADOLFF BOBBIN COMPANY, INC.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All of the capital stock of Adolf Bobbin Company, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, Kearney, New Jersey, which is a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 50 shares of \$100 par value common stock, the names of the registered owners of which, and the number of shares owned by them respectively, are as follows:

Name:	Number of shares
Willy E. Mayer.....	43
Elfriede Mayer.....	6
Charles F. Egues.....	1
Total.....	50

is owned by or held for the benefit of Emil Adolf A. G., whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Reutlingen, Germany, and therefore is property of, and represents ownership of said business enterprise which is, a national of a designated enemy country (Germany), and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country, and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by

said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on October 30, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13533; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:34 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 340]

**CERTAIN OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF KNOOP,
LANGE & Co., INC.**

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that 340 shares of \$100 par value capital stock of Knoop, Lange & Co., Inc., a Louisiana corporation, New Orleans, Louisiana, which is a business enterprise within the United States, which shares consist of:

(a) 190 shares (which constitute 100% of all outstanding shares of common stock) of common stock, registered in the name of Rotterdamsche Bankvereeniging N. V., Rotterdam, Holland;

(b) 125 shares (which constitute 100% of all outstanding shares of first preferred stock) of first preferred stock, registered in the name of Rotterdamsche Bankvereeniging N. V., Rotterdam, Holland; and

(c) 25 shares (which constitute a substantial part, namely, 31.25%, of all outstanding shares of second preferred stock) of second preferred stock, registered in the name of Alexander Albrecht (alien detention camp);

are owned by or held for the benefit of Carl C. Albrecht, Heinrich Mueller-Pearse, Karl Heinz Lange, Alexander Albrecht and Albrecht Mueller-Pearse & Company, and each of them, the last known address of each of whom was represented to the undersigned as being

Germany, and therefore is property of nationals, and represents control of said business enterprise which is a national, of a designated enemy country (Germany), and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Germany), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 6, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13534; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 351]

**ALL OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF CEDAR
SWAMP ROAD REALTY CORPORATION**

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

(a) That the property described as follows: All of the capital stock of Cedar Swamp Road Realty Corporation, a New York corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 4 shares of no par value common stock, which shares are registered in the name of Rotterdamsche Trustees' Kantoor, N. V., Rotterdam, Holland,

is held for the benefit of members of the Thyssen family, the last known address of

each of whom was represented to the undersigned as being in Germany and/or Hungary, and therefore is property of nationals, and represents ownership of said business enterprise which is a national, of a designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary);

(b) That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of the aforesaid Rotterdamsche Trustees' Kantoor, N. V., in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to it by said Cedar Swamp Road Realty Corporation, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any and all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness,

is held for the benefit of the aforesaid members of the Thyssen family and therefore is an interest in the aforesaid business enterprise held by nationals of an enemy country, and also is property within the United States owned or controlled by nationals of a designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary);

and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country or countries (Germany and/or Hungary), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 11, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13535; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:34 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 367]

PACIFIC TRADING COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

840 shares (which constitute a substantial part of all outstanding shares) of \$20 par value common capital stock of Pacific Trading Company, Incorporated, a California corporation, San Francisco, California, which is a business enterprise within the United States, the names and last known addresses of the registered owners of which, and the number of shares owned by them respectively, are as follows:

Name, last known addresses and number of shares: Isaburo Aoki, Hiroshima, Japan, 10; Hirotsuke Ashizawa, Tokyo, Japan, 250; Sakutaro Hataye, Japan, 25; Sumijiro Hirose, Ehime, Japan, 5; Bunichi Kanzaki, Wakayama, Japan, 5; Masaki Kitaoka, Kumamoto, Japan, 5; Hisao Komiya, Tokyo, Japan, 100; Nobuhiko Kurata, Yamaguchi, Japan, 35; Kiyosaburo Mitomo, Tokyo, Japan, 5; Motosaku Nakamura, Yamaguchi, Japan, 50; Kensaburo Nishida, Hiroshima, Japan, 50; Hidekichi Omura, Hiroshima, Japan, 5; Shojiro Omura, Kiyota, Japan, 5; Masu Osawa, Tokyo, Japan, 50; Naoki Satoda, Yokohama, Japan, 125; Keiji Shinagawa, Hiroshima, Japan, 50; Naosaburo Tatsukawa, Tokyo, Japan, 5; Yasujiro Tokumaga, Saga, Japan, 10; Magoichi Yamasaki, Japan, 5; Nobukichi Hirata (alien detention camp), 15; Yoza Ikenaga (alien detention camp), 5; Ichiro Kataoka (alien detention camp), 15; Keijero Takiguchi (alien detention camp), 10. Total: 840.

is property of nationals, and represents an interest in said business enterprise which is a national, of a designated enemy country (Japan), and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country, and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property

Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1942.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13536; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:35 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 363]

88 RADIOS OWNED BY JAPANESE NATIONALS IN THE POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

88 Japanese owned radios, stored in the Grove Park Inn Hotel under the custody of the United States Department of State, the description of which property and the owners thereof (all of which owners, citizens of Japan, left for Japan on the MS Gripsholm on or about June 18, 1942) are more particularly described and set forth in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan), and determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admis-

sion of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1942.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Property	Name of owner
1. Gen. Elec. Model LB612 approxmate size, 6" x 7½" x 11"	K. Wakasugi.
2. RCA Victor Model 45X1 approxmate size, 6" x 7" x 10"	H. Satch.
3. Gen. Elec. Model LB612 approxmate size, 6" x 7½" x 11"	S. Isoda.
4. RCA Victor Model 45X1 approxmate size, 6" x 7" x 10"	Y. Nishi.
5. Gen. Elec. Model LB 612 approxmate size, 6" x 7½" x 11"	Y. Nuto.
6. RCA Victor Model 46X13, approxmate size, 9" x 11½" x 13"	G. Amano.
7. Philco Table Model, 6½" x 8" x 13"	K. Nakau-chi.
8. RCA Table Model, 6" x 10" x 12"	K. Nakau-chi.
9. Gen. Elec. Portable 7" x 8½" x 11"	M. Akiyama.
10. Crosley Portable, Model 62PB, 6½" x 10½" x 14"	S. Kobata.
11. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	Y. Miura.
12. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	H. Kabashi.
13. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	A. Nakazawa.
14. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	H. Hoshida.
15. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	T. Hara.
16. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6½" x 9½" x 15"	K. Hamanaka.
17. Gen. Elec. Combination, Brown, Model, JB503, Serial No. 69678, 6½" x 13½" x 14"	M. Ogimoto.
18. Emerson Combination, Brown, radio dial on front, 8" x 14½" x 15½"	H. Nakamura.
19. Emerson Combination, Brown, radio dial on front, with carrying strap, 8" x 14½" x 15½"	K. Wakakawa.
20. Emerson Combination, Brown, radio dial inside, with carrying strap, 8" x 14½" x 15½"	N. Sato.
21. Sentinel Portable, Brown, 7" x 11½" x 12"	S. Kondo.
22. Philco Portable, Red-Brown, 6" x 9½" x 11"	R. Nagao.
23. Gen. Elec. Portable, 4½" x 11½" x 13" (Brown).	Y. Nishi.
24. Gen. Elec. Portable, Brown, 4½" x 11½" x 13"	S. Kithara.
25. Emerson Portable, Brown, Model DJ311, 6½" x 11½" x 12½"	K. Okamoto.
26. Emerson, Brown Bakelite, Serial No. 1193171, 5" x 6¾" x 9¾"	R. Ando.
27. Stewart-Warner, White Bakelite, Model 67-5523 Serial No. 331077, 4¾" x 5½" x 10"	H. Kihara.

- | Property | Name of owner |
|--|-----------------|
| 28. Stewart-Warner Combination, push button tuning, 12" x 14" x 18". | S. Okamaru. |
| 29. RCA Victrola Combination, push button tuning, 12" x 12 1/2" x 19". | T. Saika. |
| 30. Philco Combination, Model 1001, 11" x 13" x 16 1/2". | K. Tsuchiya. |
| 31. Philco Console Combination, 14" x 19" x 34". | N. Itabashi. |
| 32. Emerson Combination, Brown, radio dial on front, 8" x 14 1/2" x 15 1/2". | Y. Watanabe. |
| 33. Knight, Brown Bakelite, Model J4, Serial No. R10504, 3 1/2" x 5" x 7". | S. Kurata. |
| 34. Gen. Elec. Portable, Brown, Model LB530, Serial No. 63913, 5" x 10 3/4" x 13". | Y. Yamamoto. |
| 35. RCA "Air-King", Brown Bakelite, Serial No. 847933, 4 1/2" x 5 1/2" x 7". | H. Terasaki. |
| 36. Motorola Portable, Model 3A5, Serial No. 28979, 4 1/4" x 5 1/4" x 6 1/4". | J. Ikeda. |
| 37. Emerson Green Bakelite, Model EC336, 5" x 6 3/4" x 10 3/4". | S. Kurusu. |
| 38. Zenith Model 6-0-628, 6 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 12". | H. Tominaga. |
| 39. Packard-Bell Model 46, Serial No. 31568, 6 1/2" x 8 3/4" x 14 1/2". | N. Hatakeyama. |
| 40. Westinghouse, push button tuning, 6 1/2" x 8" x 12 1/4". | K. Okumura. |
| 41. Crosley, Brown, Serial No. 1980630, 5 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 11 1/2". | N. Fujiyama. |
| 42. RCA Victor, Brown Bakelite, Model 45X1, Serial No. 174651, 4 1/4" x 5" x 8 3/4". | K. Kokamura. |
| 43. RCA Victor, Brown Bakelite, Model 45X1, Serial No. 210222, 4 1/4" x 5" x 8 3/4". | K. Matsudaira. |
| 44. Emerson, Brown Bakelite, Serial No. 402649, 4 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 9". | Y. Kikida. |
| 45. RCA Victor, Brown Bakelite, in zipper case, 6 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 11 1/2". | J. Inazawa. |
| 46. Benson, Model 420, Serial No. D12137, 5 1/4" x 7" x 10 3/4". | Y. Tutumi. |
| 47. Emerson, Serial No. 170773, 4 1/2" x 7" x 10". | M. Kakuyama. |
| 48. Emerson, 4 3/4" x 5 1/2" x 9 3/4". | T. Inouye. |
| 49. Universal (R. H. Macy Co.), Serial No. 13613, 6" x 8" x 10". | T. Hiramitsu. |
| 50. RCA Victor Portable, Model BP-10 in leather carrying case, 3" x 3 1/2" x 8 3/4". | K. Kauno. |
| 51. RCA Victor Portable, Model BP-10, without case, 3" x 3 1/2" x 8 3/4". | T. Ogawa. |
| 52. Gen. Elec. Model 524, Serial No. D 03964, 4 3/4" x 6 1/2" x 9". | T. Hara. |
| 53. Gen. Elec. Model 524, Serial No. D 02585, 4 3/4" x 6 1/2" x 9". | H. Ishikawa. |
| 54. RCA, Brown Bakelite, (badly broken), 4" x 4 3/4" x 9". | T. Kazuwara. |
| 55. Mission-Bell, Model 45, Serial No. 37139, 6 3/4" x 9 3/4" x 16". | M. Takami. |
| 56. RCA Victor, Serial No. 33892, 6 3/4" x 7 1/4" x 17". | K. Kaneko. |
| 57. Jackson-Bell, Model 34, Serial No. 8415, 6 1/2" x 7 1/2" x 11 1/2". | K. Kobayashi. |
| 58. Emerson, 5-Tube, Brown Bakelite, Model 301, 5" x 6 1/2" x 9 1/4". | S. Yuki. |
| 59. Emerson, Brown Bakelite, Serial No. EC4513312, 5 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 10 1/4". | T. Shimanouchi. |
| 60. RCA Victor Portable, Brown, 6" x 9" x 12". | M. Sano. |

- | Property | Name of owner |
|---|-------------------|
| 61. RCA Victor Portable, Model 25BP, Serial No. B005612, 6" x 9" x 12". | Brown, S. Matsui. |
| 62. Silvertone, (Sears Roebuck), Black Bakelite, Model 6106, Serial No. 109278, 4 1/4" x 4 1/2" x 6 1/2". | M. Iino. |
| 63. Emerson Portable, Model DJ311, 6 1/2" x 11 1/2" x 12 1/2". | Brown, K. Mori. |
| 64. Westinghouse, model WR-12X4, Brown, Push Button tuning, Serial No. B002358, 6 1/2" x 8" x 12". | Y. Sato. |
| 65. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50656, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | N. Makamura. |
| 66. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50653, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | H. Takagi. |
| 67. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50651, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | K. Omoto. |
| 68. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50169, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | M. Yano. |
| 69. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50669, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | K. Hirasawa. |
| 70. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50157, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | Y. Sane-matsu. |
| 71. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50671, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | I. Yokoyama. |
| 72. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50674, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | T. Nishiyama. |
| 73. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB603, Brown, Serial No. 50652, 4 1/2" x 6 1/4" x 9". | S. Mogami. |
| 74. Fada Portable, Red-Brown, 7" x 10" x 13". | S. Yoshimura. |
| 75. Admiral "Aeroscope", Black Bakelite, Serial No. D976493, 6 3/4" x 7 3/4" x 11". | T. Kimura. |
| 76. Philco Combination, Model 42-1001, 10 1/2" x 13" x 16 1/2". | M. Enseki. |
| 77. Gen. Elec. Combination, Model LC 638, 11 1/2" x 14" x 18". | Y. Matsumoto. |
| 78. Gen. Elec. Portable, Model LB100, 14" x 18". | Brown, I. Takata. |
| 79. Gen. Elec. Combination, Model LC 638, 11 1/2" x 14" x 18". | T. Kawabata. |
| 80. Ansley-Dynophone Radio Gramophone Combination, approximate size 12" x 13" x 17". | G. Tera-nish. |
| 81. Gen. Elec. Model G51, short and long wave, 8 1/2" x 10 1/2" x 24 1/2". | S. Yamada. |
| 82. RCA Victor, 6-Tube, Model 16X3, Serial No. B000624, 6 1/2" x 8" x 13 1/2". | K. Nomura. |
| 83. Philco Portable, Model 42-842, 6 1/2" x 10 1/2" x 13". | 7 Tube, K. Suga. |
| 84. Detrola "Pee-Wee" Serial No. 25864, 4" x 4" x 6 1/2". | Y. Iwamoto. |
| 85. Remlee, Model 171, Serial No. 115609, approximate size 5 1/2" x 6 1/2" x 10". | K. Omoto. |
| 86. Emerson, 5 Tube, Mottled Green, Model 336, approximate size 7" x 8 1/2" x 11 1/2". | K. Nomura. |
| 87. Zenith Portable, "Wave-Magnet", Brown, Model 6G601, 6 1/2" x 9 1/2" x 15". | R. Nagao. |
| 88. Gen. Elec. Model L622, Red Bakelite, Serial No. 73575, 5" x 5 1/2" x 9 1/4". | S. Nakamura. |

[F. R. Doc. 42-13537; Filed, December 18, 1942; 11:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 378]

INTEREST OF U. H. OKUBO IN THE OHMI COMPANY

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All right, title and interest of U. H. Okubo, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Kyoto, Japan, as copartner in and to the partnership known as The Ohmi Company, under which name such partnership is doing business and maintaining an office at Los Angeles, California, which is a business enterprise within the United States,

is property of, and represents a substantial interest (namely, 50%) in said business enterprise which is, a national of a designated enemy country (Japan), and determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby (i) vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, and (ii) undertakes the direction, management, supervision and control to the extent deemed necessary or advisable from time to time by the undersigned of such business enterprise and of all property of any nature whatsoever situated in the United States and owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, or held on behalf of or on account of or owing to said business enterprise.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, or to vary the extent of such direction, management, supervision or control or to terminate the same, if and when it should be determined that any of such action should be taken.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enter-

prise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on November 18, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13538; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:37 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 386]

ASSETS OF MATSUYE KOIKE, DOING BUSINESS AS DIAMOND RICE CO.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All property of any nature whatsoever situated in the United States and owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, or held on behalf of or on account of or owing to Matsuye Koike (alien detention camp), doing business as Diamond Rice Co., Los Angeles, California, which is a business enterprise within the United States,

is property of a business enterprise which is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan), and determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on November 19, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13539; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 390]

MAGARIO & COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

(a) That the property described as follows:

200 shares (which constitute a substantial part, namely, 66⅔%, of all outstanding shares) of \$100 par value common capital stock of Magario & Company, Incorporated, a California corporation, San Francisco, California, which is a business enterprise within the United States, which shares are owned by Hisao Magario, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Tokyo, Japan,

is property of, and represents control of a business enterprise which is, a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

(b) That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of said Hisao Magario in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to him by said Magario & Company, Incorporated, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any or all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness,

is an interest in the aforesaid business enterprise held by a national of an enemy country, and also is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby (i) vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, and (ii) undertakes the direction, management, supervision and control of such business enterprise to the extent deemed necessary or advisable from time to time by the undersigned.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, or to vary the extent of such direction, management, supervision or control or to

terminate the same, if and when it should be determined that any of such action should be taken.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on November 19, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13540; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:37 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 401]

ASSETS OF HASHIMOTO COMPANY (A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP)

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding that the property described as follows:

All property of any nature whatsoever situated in the United States and owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, or held on behalf of or on account of or owing to Hashimoto Company, Terminal Island, California, a sole proprietorship, which is a business enterprise within the United States owned by Kazuichi Hashimoto (alien detention camp), a Japanese citizen,

is property of a business enterprise which is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan), and determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan), and having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests such property in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on November 19, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13541; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:37 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 408]

MOSHOLU REALTY CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Finding that Rosa Pratos Simonelli, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Naples, Italy, is a national of a designated enemy country (Italy);

2. Finding that said Rosa Pratos Simonelli owns 50 shares of no par value capital stock of Mosholu Realty Corporation, a New York corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, and which 50 shares constitute a substantial part (namely, 33 1/3 %) of all the outstanding capital stock of said corporation and represent an interest in said business enterprise, and therefore determining that such business enterprise is a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country. (Italy);

3. Finding that the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of said Rosa Pratos Simonelli in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to her by said Mosholu Realty Corporation, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any or all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness, and including particularly those 6% non-accumulative registered income debenture bonds, due August 1, 1962, issued by the aforesaid business enterprise and having an aggregate par value of \$26,000, which are registered in the name of and owned by said Rosa Pratos Simonelli, is an interest in such business enterprise held by a national of an enemy country (Italy), and also is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

4. Determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that each of such persons be treated as a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

5. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consulta-

tion and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise; and

6. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby (a) vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property hereinbefore described in subparagraphs 2 and 3, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, and (b) undertakes the direction, management, supervision and control of such business enterprise to the extent deemed necessary or advisable from time to time by the undersigned.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on December 1, 1942..

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13542; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 409]

2380 ARTHUR AVENUE CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Finding that Rosa Pratos Simonelli and Amalia de Curtis, whose last known addresses were represented to the undersigned as being Naples, Italy, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Italy);

2. Finding that said Rosa Pratos Simonelli and Amalia de Curtis each own 50 of the 100 outstanding shares of the no par value capital stock of 2380 Arthur Avenue Corporation, a New York corporation, New York, New York, which is a business enterprise within the United States, and which 100 shares represent ownership thereof, and therefore determining that such business enterprise is a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

3. Determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country the national interest of the United States requires that each of such persons be treated as a national of

the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

4. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise; and

5. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby (a) vests in the Alien Property Custodian the shares of stock hereinbefore described in subparagraph 2 to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, and (b) undertakes the direction, management, supervision and control of such business enterprise to the extent deemed necessary or advisable from time to time by the undersigned.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, or to vary the extent of such direction, management, supervision or control or to terminate the same, if and when it should be determined that any of such action should be taken.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on December 1, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13543; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 410]

CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY IN NEW JERSEY AND NEW JERSEY, AND A BANK ACCOUNT, OWNED BY ROSA PRATOS SIMONELLI

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Finding that Rosa Pratos Simonelli, whose last known address was represented to the undersigned as being Naples, Italy, is a national of a designated enemy country (Italy);

2. Finding that all right, title, interest and estate, both legal and equitable, of said Rosa Pratos Simonelli in and to that certain real property, together with all fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, particularly described in Exhibit A attached

hereto and made a part hereof, is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

3. Finding that the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of said Rosa Pratos Simonelli in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to her by Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Broadway Branch, 525 Broadway, New York, New York, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any or all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness, and including particularly the account at the aforesaid Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Broadway Branch, which is carried in the name of said Rosa Pratos Simonelli,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

4. Determining that the property hereinbefore described in subparagraph 3 is necessary for the maintenance or safeguarding of other property [namely that hereinbefore described in subparagraph 2] belonging to the same national of the same designated enemy country and subject to vesting (and in fact vested by this order) pursuant to Section 2 of said Executive Order;

5. Determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Italy);

6. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise; and

7. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property hereinbefore described in subparagraphs 2 and 3, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on December 1, 1942.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Parcel 1

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx, County of Bronx, City and State of New York (late town of West Farms, Westchester County) bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Cambrelling (now Belmont) Avenue distant 34 feet southerly from the southeasterly corner of Cambrelling (now Belmont) Avenue and Jacob Street (now 187th Street); running thence easterly parallel with Jacob Street (now 187th Street) and partly through a party wall 100 feet; thence southerly parallel with Cambrelling (now Belmont) Avenue 36 feet; thence westerly parallel with Jacob Street (now 187th Street) 100 feet to the easterly side of Cambrelling (now Belmont) Avenue; thence northerly along the same 36 feet to the point or place of beginning, being known as and by the Street number 2394 Belmont Avenue;

Parcel 2

All that plot of land in the Borough of Bronx, County of Bronx, City of New York and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 187th Street with the easterly side of Belmont (Cambrelling) Avenue; running thence easterly along the said southerly side of 187th Street, 100 feet; thence southerly parallel with the easterly side of Belmont (Cambrelling) Avenue, 34 feet; thence westerly parallel with the southerly side of 187th Street and part of the way through a party wall, 100 feet to the easterly side of Belmont (Cambrelling) Avenue; and thence northerly along the said easterly side of Belmont (Cambrelling) Avenue 34 feet to the corner aforesaid at the point or place of beginning, being known as and by the street number 652 East 187th Street;

Parcel 3

All that lot of land with buildings and improvements thereon erected in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of East 187th Street, distant 50 feet northwesterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said southwesterly side of 187th Street and the northwesterly side of Crescent Avenue; running thence southwesterly at right angles to the southwesterly side of 187th Street, 97.30 feet to the northwesterly side of Crescent Avenue; thence southwesterly along the said northwesterly side of Crescent Avenue 3.50 feet to a point distant 100 feet southwesterly from the said southwesterly side of 187th Street; thence northwesterly parallel with the said southwesterly side of 187th Street, 47.73 feet; thence northeasterly at right angles to the said southwesterly side of 187th Street, 100 feet to the said southwesterly side of 187th Street and thence southeasterly along the said southwesterly side of 187th Street, 50 feet to the point or place of beginning, being known as and by the Street numbers 669-662 East 187th Street; and

Parcel 4

All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Town of Long Branch in the County of Monmouth and State of New Jersey being the westerly two-thirds of lot thirty (30) on the map entitled "Map of Section One (1) on the lands of John Hoey, deceased" duly recorded in the County Clerk's Office of said County and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Brighton Avenue and Monmouth Place, as shown on said map, running thence (1) southerly along the easterly side of Monmouth Place, three hundred and seven (307) feet and six (6) inches to the northeasterly corner of said Monmouth Place and Brookdale Avenue as shown on said map; thence (2) easterly along Brookdale Avenue seventy-five (75) feet; thence (3) northerly and parallel with Monmouth Place three hundred and six (306) feet be the same more or less, to the southerly side of Brighton Avenue; thence (4) westerly along said Brighton Avenue seventy-five (75) feet to the point or place of beginning.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13544; Filed, December 18, 1942; 11:37 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 425]

CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS OWING BY ADLANCO X-RAY CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Finding that Siemens-Reiniger-Werke (herein called "Reiniger"), a German corporation, the last known address of which was represented to the undersigned as being Berlin, Germany, is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. Finding that Reiniger owns all of the capital stock of Siemens-Elektrizitäts Erzeugnisse, A. G. (herein called "Elektrizitäts"), a Swiss corporation, the last known address of which was represented to the undersigned as being Zurich, Switzerland, and which is listed on The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals;

3. Determining that to the extent that Elektrizitäts is a person not within a designated enemy country such person is controlled by or acting for or on behalf of or as a cloak for the aforesaid designated enemy country (Germany) or a person within such country, and finding, therefore, that such person is a national of such designated enemy country (Germany);

4. Finding that Adlanco X-Ray Corporation, a New York corporation, New York, New York, is a business enterprise within the United States, 595 (out of 700 outstanding) shares of whose common capital stock were, prior to the vesting thereof by the undersigned pursuant to Vesting Order Number 23 of June 18, 1942, owned by Reiniger;

5. Finding that such 595 shares constitute a substantial part, namely 72.143%, of all outstanding capital stock of such business enterprise and are property of, and represent control of said business enterprise which therefore is, a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Germany);

6. Finding that the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any name or nature whatsoever of Reiniger and Elektrizitäts, and each of them, in and to all indebtedness, contingent or otherwise and whether or not matured, owing to them or either of them by said Adlanco X-ray Corporation, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for any or all of such indebtedness and the right to sue for and collect such indebtedness,

is an interest in the aforesaid business enterprise held by and is also property within the United States owned or controlled by, nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

7. Determining that to the extent that any or all of such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the na-

tional interest of the United States requires that each of such persons be treated as a national of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Germany);

8. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise; and

9. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property hereinbefore described in sub-paragraph 6, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 1, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13545; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:39 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 471] -

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX LEASED BY RALPH MOTTO, ALSO KNOWN AS RINZO (RINDO) IWAMOTO, AND HIS WIFE, YASU MOTTO, ALSO KNOWN AS YASU IWAMOTO

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned after investigation:

1. Finding that Ralph Motto, also known as Rinzo (Rindo) Iwamoto, and his wife, Yasu Motto, also known as Yasu Iwamoto, citizens of Japan, whose last known addresses were represented to the undersigned as being in Japan (by repatriation), are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. Finding that all right, title and interest, (including the right of access to the safe deposit box hereinafter mentioned) of said Ralph Motto, also known as Rinzo (Rindo) Iwamoto, and Yasu Motto, also known as Yasu Iwamoto, and each of them, in and to their contract with Union Trust Company, Washington, D. C., pursuant to which said persons leased from said bank a safe deposit box numbered 595, is property within the

United States owned or controlled by nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

3. Determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of the aforesaid designated enemy country (Japan);

4. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise; and

5. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in sub-paragraph 2 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The term "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 9, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13546; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:38 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 474]

AETNA LIFE INSURANCE CO.

In re: Aetna Life Insurance Company v. Bruno Centoscudi, Giuseppe Cesarini, Leo T. Crowley, Alien Property Custodian, Stella Cesarini, and Stanley Jakubowski, Administrator pendente lite of the estate of Angelo Cesarini, deceased; Civil Action in Interpleader No. 2689—File D-38-286; E. T. Sec. 99.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act as amended, Executive Order 9095 as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Clerk, District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting under the judicial supervision of District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Italy, namely,

National: Last known address
Giuseppe Cesarini----- Italy

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Italy; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Giuseppe Cesarini in and to the proceeds of an insurance policy issued by the Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, upon the life of Angelo Cesarini, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and interests and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property and interests or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: December 10, 1942.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 42-13547; Filed, December 18, 1942;
11:34 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Order 91 Under § 1499.158 of GMPR]

CENTURY MERCHANDISING CORP.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICE

Order No. 91 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices For Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Approval of maximum prices for sales by Century Merchandising Corporation of a plastic "Victory Pup" Bank.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register,

and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, *It is ordered:*

(a) Century Merchandising Corporation is authorized to sell and deliver a plastic "Victory Pup" bank, manufactured by it, at prices, F. O. B. New York, N. Y., no higher than those set forth below:

\$1.90 per dozen to jobbers.
\$2.30 per dozen to retailers.

(b) This Order No. 91 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(c) Issued and effective this 17th day of December 1942.

LEON HENDERSON,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13514; Filed, December 17, 1942;
3:11 p. m.]

[Amendment 1 to Suspension Order 170]

ROBERT BINDER

RECONSIDERATION OF ORDER RESTRICTING
TRANSACTIONS

On December 4, 1942, Robert Binder, doing business as American Gas Station,

South Warren and Market Streets, Trenton, New Jersey, filed a petition for reconsideration of Suspension Order No. 170 issued against the petitioner on November 28, 1942. The matter has been duly considered by the Deputy Administrator in Charge of Rationing.

Paragraph (e) is amended to read as set forth below:

(e) This Suspension Order No. 170 shall become effective 12:01 A. M. December 5, 1942, and shall expire 12:01 A. M. December 19, 1942.

(f) Except as amended by Paragraph (e) above, this Suspension Order No. 170 is affirmed.

(Pub Law 421, 77th Cong.; sec. 2 (a) of Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. No. 9125 (7 F.R. 2719); W.P.B. Dir. No. 1 (7 F.R. 562); Supp. Dir. No. 1Q (7 F.R. 9121)

Issued and effective this 17th day of December 1942.

PAUL M. O'LEARY,
*Deputy Administrator
in Charge of Rationing.*

[F.R. Doc. 42-13516; Filed, December 17, 1942;
4:42 p. m.]

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

[Certificate 2s]

APPROVAL OF AMENDED DIRECTIVE

TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 12 of Public Law No. 603, approved June 11, 1942, I submit Amended Directive No. 59 of the Petroleum Coordinator for War.¹

I hereby approve said Amended Directive for the purposes of section 12 of Public Law No. 603, approved June 11, 1942, and after consultation with you, I hereby find and so certify to you that the doing of any act or thing, or the omission to do any act or thing, by any person in compliance with such Amended Directive, is requisite to the prosecution of the war.

DONALD M. NELSON,
Chairman.

DECEMBER 16, 1942.

[F.R. Doc. 42-13553; Filed, December 18, 1942;
12:03 p. m.]

¹ *Supra.*

